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**PAPER TITLE SHOULD BE limited to 25 words or less and should not contain abbreviations**

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 **العنوان ينبغي أن يقتصر على 25 كلمة أو أقل و يجب ألا يتضمن المختصرات**

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**الخلاصة:**  هذه الوثيقة هي قالب حي. المكونات المختلفة من البحث [العنوان، النص، الأطراف، إلخ] قد تم تعريفها بالفعل على الورقة النمطية، كما يتضح من الأجزاء الواردة في هذه الوثيقة. وينبغي أن لا تتجاوز 200 كلمة. وينبغي أن يبين بإيجاز النطاق العام وكذلك تحديد النتائج الرئيسية التي تم الحصول عليها، الطرق المستخدمة، وقيمة العمل والاستنتاجات المستخلصة. ينبغي ألا تدرج أي أرقام شخصية، أرقام الجدول، مراجع أو التعبيرات الرياضية المعروضة. ينبغي أن يكون التركيز على ما عثر عليه، أكثر مما تم القيام به.

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\**Corresponding Author* az\_ijkl@yahoo.com

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Abbreviations should be defined at first mention in the abstract and again in the main body of the text and used consistently thereafter. Do not use abbreviations in the title or heads unless they are unavoidable. A list of symbols should be inserted before the references if such a list is needed. Symbols must be written clearly. The international system of units (SI units) should be used in the text, tables and figures. Symbols for physical quantities in the text should be written in Italics (e.g. *v*, *T*, etc.). Symbols for units that consist of letters should be in plain text (e.g. Pa, m, etc.).

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When writing mathematics, avoid confusion between characters that could be mistaken for one another, e.g. the letter 'l' and the figure one. Refer to equations using round brackets, e.g. (1).

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 X+Y=Z (1)

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 X1+Y2=B (2)

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Note that the equation is centered using a center tab stop. Be sure that the symbols in your equation have been defined before or immediately following the equation. Use "(1)", not "Eq. (1)" or "equation (1)", except at the beginning of a sentence: "Equation (1) is . . ."

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**3.1*. Figures***

Figure captions should be below the figures. Insert figures and tables after they are cited in the text. Use the abbreviation "Fig. 1", even at the beginning of a sentence. When placing more than two figures and photos under the same number of title, assign subtitles by dividing each figure and photo by (a) or (b).The font style and size used in the figures should be equal or less than the font used in writing the manuscript (i.e. Times New Roman ≤ 12). Do not use a shadow or frame around the figure. Multi-curve graphs should have individual curves marked with a symbol; the meaning of the symbol should be explained in the figure caption. Good quality black-and-white photographs or scanned images should be supplied for the illustrations.

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Figure 1. Black and white figure without shading or frame

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Insert tables after they are cited in the text. Tables are referred to in the text by “Table n” (capital T). Table heads should appear above the tables. When placing more than two tables under the same number of title, assign subtitles by dividing each table by (a) or (b). For example: Table 1, Table 2(a) and 2(b). Avoid any colors or shadings in the table.

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 Table 1. Follow the same table style without shadings

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| Row 2 | Row 2 | Row 2 | Row 2 |
| Row 3 | Row 3 | Row 3 | Row 3 |
| Row 4 | Row 4 | Row 4 | Row 4 |
| Row 5 | Row 5 | Row 5 | Row 5 |
| Row 6 | Row 6 | Row 6 | Row 6 |

Any footnotes should be indicated by the use of a superscript\*

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**Abbreviations**

A list of symbols should be inserted before the references if such a list is needed

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| A | coefficient matrix |
| E | modulus of elasticity |
| Rf | failure ratio |
| t | time |
| γ | unit weight of material |
| ѵ | Poisson’s ratio |
| φ | friction angle |
| εv | volumetric strain |

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**Acknowledgement**

The author(s) may express his or her appreciation to relevant agencies and related personnel providing financial support or academic advice to his or her research.

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**4. References**

Ensure that every reference cited in the text is also present in the reference list (and vice versa). References should be cited by numbers in square brackets in the forms: [1], [1, 2], [1-6]. They should be listed and numbered in their order of citation in the text, not by name and date.

Refer simply to the reference number, as in [3], do not use "Ref. [3]" or "reference [3]". The actual authors can be referred to, but the reference number(s) must always be given. Example: “.... as demonstrated in [1,2]. Brandl and Blovsky [4] obtained a different result ...”. This effect has been widely studied [1-3, 7]

Unless there are three authors or more give all authors' names; do not use "et al". The list of references should include only works that are cited in the text and that have been published or accepted for publication. Please follow the reference method exactly as per journal guidelines.

*Examples of the ways in which references should be cited are given below:*

reference to a book [1], reference to a chapter in an edited book [2], reference to a journal publication [3], reference to conference proceedings [4], reference to thesis [5], reference to standards [6], reference to reports [7].

1. Bowles, J. E. (1997). *"Foundation Analysis and Design*". 5th ed., McGraw-Hill.
2. Mettam, G.R., Adams, L.B. (1999). "*How to prepare an electronic version of your article*", in: Jones, B.S., Smith , R.Z. (Eds.), Introduction to the Electronic Age. E-Publishing Inc., New York, pp. 281–304.
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5. Padgett, L. E. (1981). *"Factors Affecting the Concentration of Heavy Metals in Municipal Sludge as Leachates"*. M.Sc. Thesis, Department of Civil Engineering; Notre Dame, Indiana.
6. ASTM D4533-91. (1996). "*Standard Test Method for Trapezoid Tearing Strength of Geotextiles"*. ASTM International, West Conshohoken, PA, USA.
7. Horvath, J. S. (1990). *"A Study of Miscellaneous Wall Problems"*. Research Report No.CE/GE‐90‐1, Manhattan College, School of Engineering, Civil Engineering Department, Bronx, NY.

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**Appendix** – A

If there is a need for some derivations or equations which is important to support the research, they should be inserted after the references. The equations are numbered according to the type of appendix. For example

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 X+Y=Z (A-1)