Pediatric surgery-3

No.:

Attendance: Obligatory Type of lecture: theory

Place: Hall no.4 college of medicine – Mustansiriyah University.

Date: Wednesday 18th of December 2016.

Time: 8:00 - 9:00 AM.

Students: 4th year / college of medicine / Mustansiriyah University

By: Dr. Ali E. Joda M.B.Ch.B. - F.I.C.M.S. - pediatric surgeon

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Topics:-

1- Congenital diaphragmatic hernia.

2- Esophageal atresia with tracheo-esophageal fistula.

3- Abdominal wall defect (Omphalocele, gastroschisis).

Objectives: -

- To enable students understanding the differences between fetal circulation & postnatal circulation.
- The pathophysiology of these problems.
- The importance of resuscitation & medical stabilization in lowering mortality rate.
- what possible complication & consequences may result?

Congenital diaphragmatic hernia

Types: -

Pathophysiology:-

Diagnosis:-

Prenatally:

Postnatal presentation:-

Physical signs:-

radiological findings :-

Treatment:-

Resuscitation:

Therapeutic options for stabilization prior to surgery :-

Surgery:-

Fetal intervention:-

Esophageal atresia & tracheo- esophageal fistula

Classification :-

Pathophsiology:-

Presentation:

Associated anomalies :-

Initial management :-

Operative management :-

Post – operative management :-

Complications:

Congenital abdominal wall defect Omphalocele & gastroschisis

Embryology:-

Associated anomalies :-

Antenatal diagnosis:-

Pre - operative care & resuscitation :-

re infant with severe respiratory distress.

Operation :-

Prognosis:-



