

Q.1 Solve the I.V.P.

$$3x^2y dx + (-x^3 - 2y^2) dy = 0 \text{ with } y(0) = 1$$

Sol. $M dx + N dy = 0$

$$M = 3x^2y, \quad N_y = 3x^2$$

$$N = -x^3 - 2y^2, \quad N_x = -3x^2$$

$M_y \neq N_x$ is non exact diff. eq.

$$\frac{N_x - M_y}{M} = \frac{-3x^2 - 3x^2}{3x^2y} = -\frac{6x^2}{3x^2y} = -\frac{2}{y}$$

$$I = e^{\int -\frac{2}{y} dy} = e^{-2 \ln y} = \frac{1}{y^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{y^2} [3x^2y dx + (-x^3 - 2y^2) dy] = 0$$

$$M.I = \frac{3x^2}{y} \quad N.I = -\frac{3x^2}{y^2}$$

$$N.I = \frac{1}{y^2} (-x^3 - 2y^2) \quad \Rightarrow \quad (N.I)_x = -\frac{3x^2}{y^2}$$

$$\int (M.I) dx = f(x, y)$$

$$f(x, y) = \frac{x^3}{y} + h(y) = C$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = -\frac{x^3}{y^2} + h'(y) = N.I = -\frac{3x^2}{y^2} + 2y$$

$$h'(y) = -\frac{2}{5}y^5 + a \quad \Rightarrow \quad h(y) = -\frac{2}{5}y^5 + a \quad C^* = \frac{0}{1} - a = -a$$

$$f(x, y) = \frac{x^3}{y} - \frac{2}{5}y^5 + 1$$