

Dr Patient Communication

Family & Community Medicine Dept 2025 الدكتور جمال الخضيري



Learning objectives

- ☐ To discover communication mistakes
- ☐ To explain building patient trust & respect
- To differentiate between functional & dysfunctional communication





Receive

Communication Objectives

4



Understanding

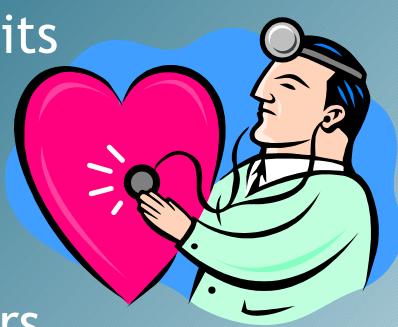
Knowledge

Behavior

Benefits of Dr-Patient Communication



- Builds up Pat-Dr relation
- Reduces uncertainty
- Decreases malpractice suits
- Prevents Pat-Dr violence
- Improves compliance
- Helps in management
- Accelerates healing
- Patient would teach others



Dr communication mistakes 6



- NOT introduce himself.
- NOT explain actions.
- ·Neither listen, nor understand.
- NOT explore patient's feelings.
- NOT explore social background.
- •NOT let patient talk or ask.





- 1-Dr Self-awareness: realistic image
- 2-Awareness of patient: non-verbal communication & Active listening)
- 3-Awareness of place & time: quiet & privacy
- 4-Avoid dysfunctional communication.
- 5-Use functional communication.
- 6-Understand the patient's personality



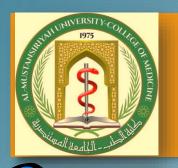
Dysfunctional communication

8



- DBlaming: الملامة never blame your patient. Seen under stress.
- וואלעום: is dangerous. Don't allow him to placate you, why?
- Super-reasonable: is providing facts with no personal element. No sympathy, no empathy.
- Irrelevant: each has his own concerns, nothing common.

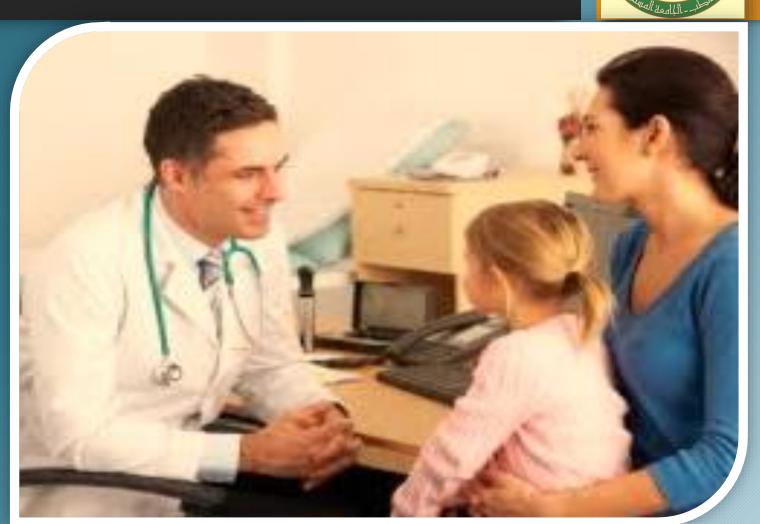
Functional communication



- Non-verbal (التعابير) الغة الجسد :
 eye contact, no separating barrier
 Active listening الأستماع : rephrasing,
- Active listening الأستماع: rephrasing, paraphrasing (Feedback to patient, show that you have listened.
- Sympathy العطف Feel sorry for the patient
- Put yourself instead of patient التعاطف Empathy



- ☐Eye to eye
- □No barrier
- ☐Body language
- □ Active listening
- □Pat. awareness
- □ sympathy



Is this good communication, why?



- □No eye-eye
- ☐Busy Dr
- □No privacy
- □No awareness
- □No listening
- □No sympathy





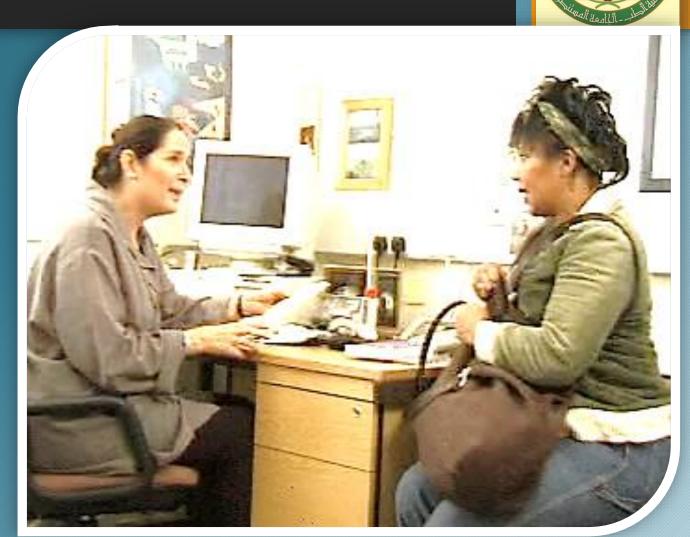
- □Eye-eye
- ☐Body language
- □ Privacy
- □Pat. awareness
- □ Sympathy







- □Eye-eye
- □No barrier
- ☐Body language
- □ Awareness
- □ Active listening
- □ Sympathy



Is there any communication?













References



- Cockerham W C. Medical Sociology. 15th ed, 2022, Pearson Education, New Jersey.
- 2015 مهارات التواصل الفعال دليل المشاركين WHO •
- Conard P & . The Sociology of Health & Illness. 9th ed, 2011.

