General Histology Practical

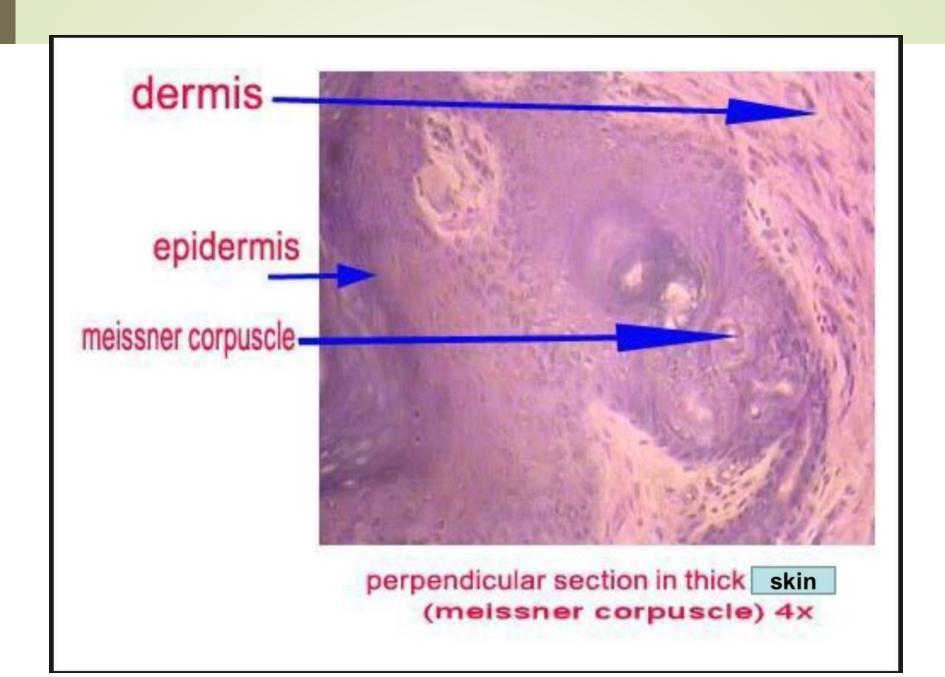
by
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Nerve endings

3. Meissner corpuscles

- Found in certain dermal papillae of the fingertips and lips.
- Pear-shaped encapsulated mechanoreceptors specialized in responding to touch sensitivity.
- Comprised of stratified flattened epithelial cells and encased in a fibrous connective tissue capsule.
- Most prevalent in skin areas highly sensitive to tactile stimulation.



Nerve endings

4. Pacinian corpuscles

- Located in the dermis and hypodermis, Pacinian corpuscles are encapsulated mechanoreceptors.
- Specialized in perceiving pressure and vibration.
- these large ovoid receptors have a core containing non-myelinated nerve terminals, surrounded by layers of modified fibroblasts, and enveloped by connective tissue to form the capsule.
- Found in the pancreas and the human skin (specifically in the dermis and hypodermis).

Peripheral nerves

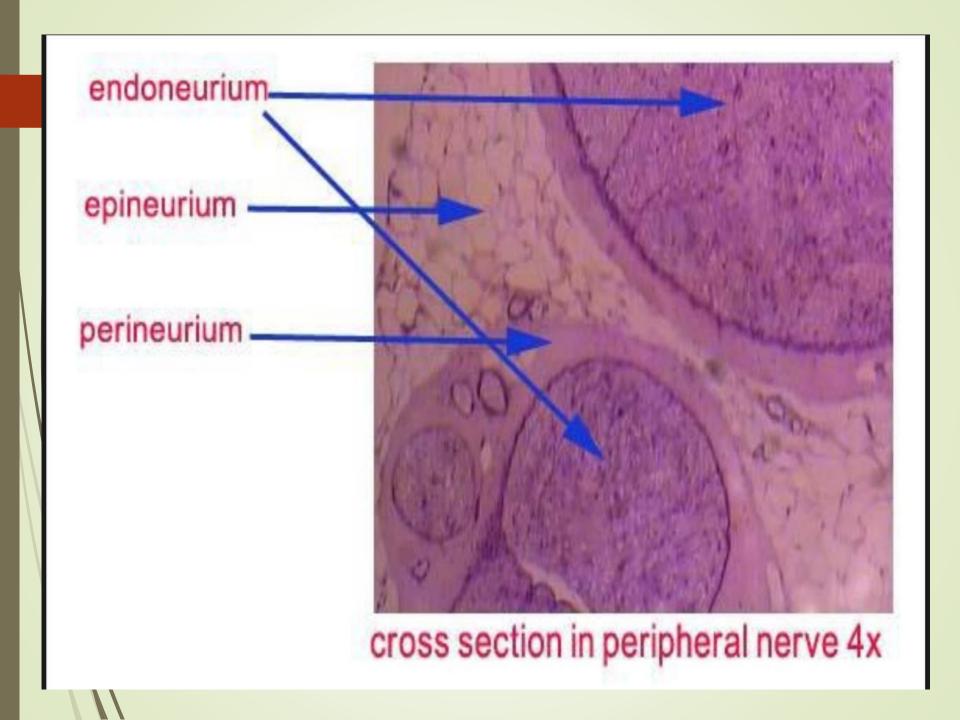
- Peripheral nerves consist of bundles of nerve fibers (axons) surrounded by multiple layers of connective tissue (sheaths).
- The epineurium is the outermost layer among the three investments, composed of dense irregular fibrous connective tissue.
- These nerves contain thick elastic fibers and collagen fibers that serve to protect the nerve bundle from damage due to overstretching.

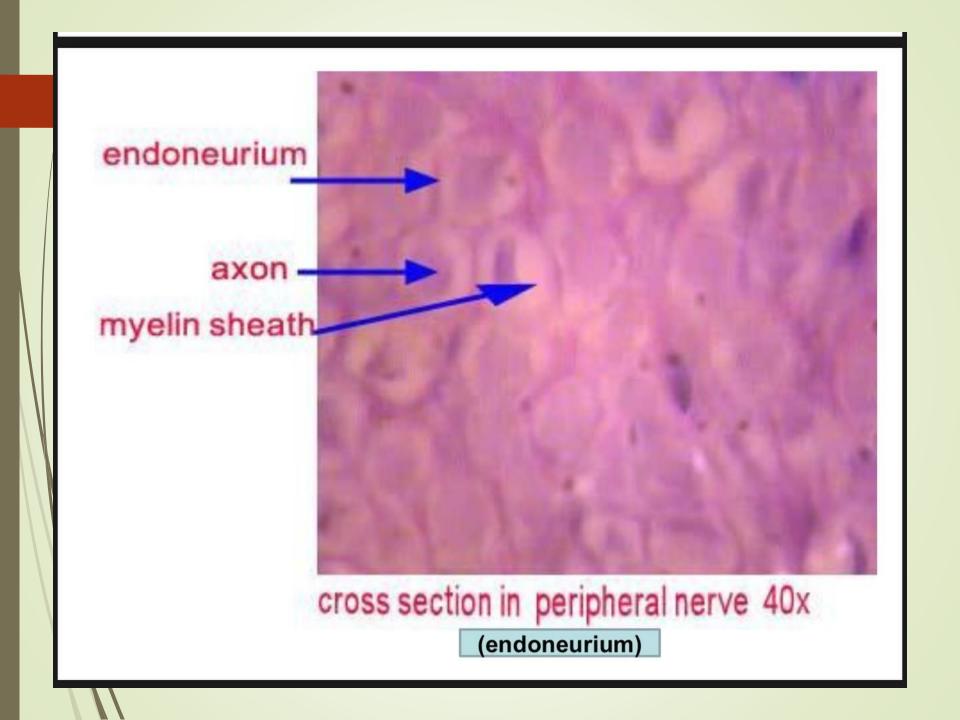
Peripheral nerves

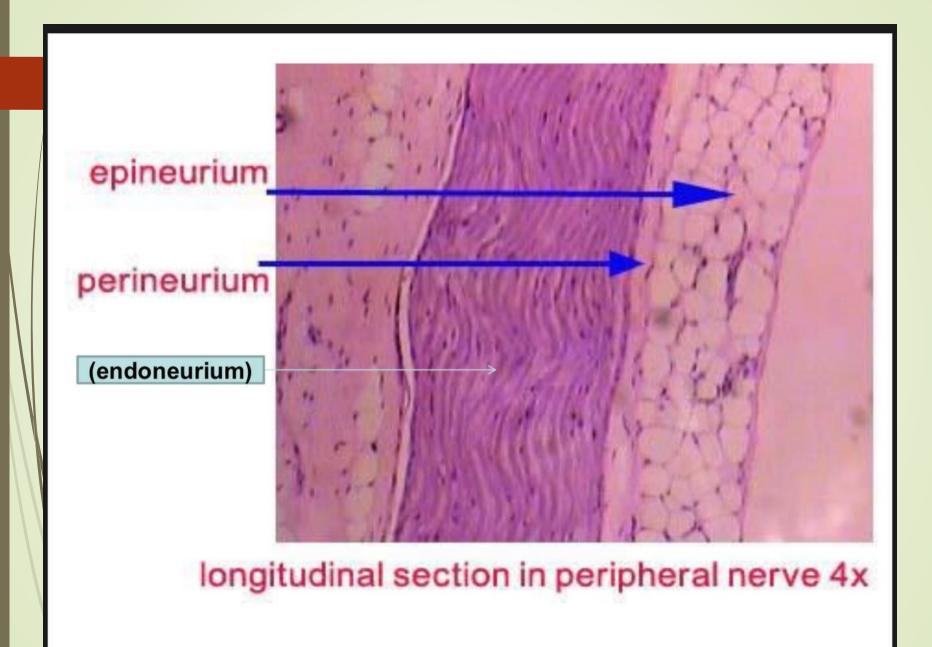
- The perineurium is the middle layer of connective tissue investments surrounding peripheral nerves.
- Composed of dense connective tissue, it is thinner than the epineurium.
- The inner surface of the perineurium is lined by multiple layers of epithelial cells.
- ➤ Within the perineurium, there are dispersed collagen fibers, some elastic fibers, fibroblasts, and blood vessels.

Peripheral nerves

- The endoneurium is the innermost layer of the investments surrounding each axon in peripheral nerves.
- It is a loose connective tissue consisting of a thin layer of reticular fibers, fibroblasts, macrophages, capillaries, and mast cells.
- > The endoneurium is in contact with the basal lamina of the Schwann cells.







Ganglia

- aggregations of cell bodies of neurons located outside the CNS.
- There are two main types of ganglia: sensory ganglia and autonomic ganglia.
- Spinal ganglia Sensory neurons of the spinal nerves are called dorsal root ganglia.
- These ganglia contain pseudounipolar cell bodies of sensory nerves enveloped by a capsule of satellite cells, collagen, and blood vessels, providing support and protection to the neurons.

