This summary is designed for the lecture, it never designed for any exam.

### Digoxin Lab.

#### Pharmacokinetic dosing method: 4 steps

- 1. Estimate creatinine clearance.
- **2.** Estimate clearance.  $Cl = 1.303 (CrCl) + Cl_{NR}$
- **3.** *Use average steady-state concentration equation to compute digoxin maintenance dose.*

$$D/\tau = (Css \cdot Cl) / F$$

**4.** Use loading dose equation to compute digoxin loading dose (if needed).

LD = (Css · V)/F  

$$V = 7 \text{ L/kg} \text{ or } V = \left(226 + \frac{298 \cdot \text{CrCl}}{29.1 + \text{CrCl}}\right) \text{(Wt / 70)}$$

- 1. Estimate creatinine clearance. Jelliffe method: 3 steps
- **2.** Estimate total body store (TBS) and maintenance dose(D).

$$TBS =$$

CrCl >30 mL/min 
$$13-15 \mu g/kg$$
 for chronotropic effects

$$CrCl < 30 \text{ mL/min}$$
 6–10 µg/kg

$$D = \{TBS \cdot [14\% + 0.20(CrCl)]\} / (F \cdot 100)$$

3. Use loading dose equation to compute digoxin loading dose

$$LD = TBS/F$$

# Pharmacokinetics Parameter Method: 3 steps:

## 1- Make sure that are within Steady state

#### 2- Calculate the CL:

$$Cl = [F(D/\tau)]/Css$$

3- Calculate the dose 
$$D/\tau = (Css \cdot Cl)/F$$

Salazar and Corcoran:

**Cockcroft and Gault** 

CrCl male= 
$$\frac{(137 - age)[(0.285*Wt) + (12.1*Ht^2)]}{(51*Sc)}$$

CrCl male = 
$$\frac{(140-Age)*wt}{72*Sc}$$

CrCl female= 
$$\frac{(146-age)\{(0.287*Wt)+(9.74*Ht^2)\}}{(60*Sc)}$$

CrCl female = 0.85 
$$\frac{(140-Age)*wt}{72*Sc}$$

## <u>Digoxin Immune Fab in Digoxin Overdoses</u>

-If a digoxin serum concentration available:

Digibind dose (in vials)

(digoxin concentration in ng/mL)(body weight in kg)/100

-If the no. of tablet is known or can be estimated:

Digibind dose = 
$$TBS/(0.5 \text{ mg/vial})$$

TBS = F(# dosage units)(dosage form strength)

## **Booster Dose (BD)**

$$BD = [(C_{desired} - C_{actual})V]/F$$

## Conversions between different dosage form

$$D_{IV} = D_{PO} \cdot F$$

$$Css_{new} = Css_{old} (D_{rounded}/D_{computed})$$

Designed by Turath Nabeel 2019