



Mustansiriyah University College of Pharmacy

English Lecture 11

March/2020

Asst. Lec. Zakariya A. Mahdi

Grammar

Past perfect simple

- ▶ We use the past perfect simple to describe events that happened **before** the main events in the past.
- ▶ Form: **Had+ Past Participle (P.P)** **positive**

▶ **Had + Not + P.P** **Negative**

I **had just finished** my lunch when the doorbell rang.

I **had heard** so much about the film **before** I saw it.

I **hadn't thought** properly about what a hero was before I saw that film.

Had you **eaten** anything before you went to the theatre?

Signal Words

already, just, never, not yet, once, until that day (with reference to the past, not the present)

Grammar

Articles

- ▶ We use the definite article (**The**):
 - With Invention and species of animal: **the** gun, **the** giant panda
 - With national groups: **the** British, **the** Ancient Greeks
 - With particular nouns (unique) when we know which one we're talking about OR it is the only one: **the** sun,
 - can you turn off **the** light, please?
 - With superlatives: Russia is **the** biggest country.
 - With previously mentioned nouns: Would you like an apple or a banana? **The** banana is very ripe.

Grammar

Articles

- ▶ We use the definite article (**The**):
 - With names of places which are plural: **the** Netherlands, **the** Himalayas
 - With name of countries with states, Kingdom or republic: **the** united kingdom, **the** United States, **the** Republic of China
 - With river, oceans, seas : **the** Mediterranean sea, **the** Pacific
 - To specify which one we mean: What did you do with **the** book I lent you?

Grammar

Articles

- We use the indefinite article (**a/an**):
 - With jobs : **a** teacher, **an** engineer
 - With singular countable nouns(mention for the first time or when it doesn't matter which one): I would like
an apple,
an amazing circus,
we stayed at **a** very nice hotel in Barcelona.

Grammar

Articles

- ▶ We use no article (**the zero article**):
 - With most streets, villages, towns, cities, countries, lakes, mountains : **Oxford Street**, **Iraq**, **Mount Fuji**
 - When we make generalizations with plural nouns:
 - **Cats** make very good pets
 - When we make generalizations with uncountable nouns:
 - **Coffee** is very expensive in this country.
 - When we make generalizations with abstract nouns:
 - **Accommodation** is difficult to find



Example of Articles

complete the sentences with (the/a/an/-).

- ▶ giant panda mostly lives in bamboo forests high in the mountains.
- ▶ Yangtze River is 6380 km long. It is third longest river in World
- ▶ China covers area of almost six million square km and ismost populous country on Earth, having more than one billion people.
- ▶ Chinese mainly speak Mandarin but there are over 150 other languages spoken in country.
- ▶ I've got three Chinese silk dresses: red one and two black ones. I think I'll wearred one for my party.
- ▶ umbrella was invented around 450 AD to protect People from sun and rain.



Academic word list (H.W)

1. Adequate
 2. Annual
 3. Despite
 4. Domestic
 5. Ethnic
 6. Hence
 7. Promotion
 8. Parameters
 9. Prior
 10. Subsequent
- a) Yearly
 - b) Relating to a person's own country
 - c) A national or racial group of people
 - d) Factors that limit how something can be done
 - e) The reason or explanation for something
 - f) Enough for purpose
 - g) Happening after something else
 - h) Activities to advertise something
 - i) Before
 - j) Without taking notice of or being influenced by something