Ascorbic Acid (vitamin C)





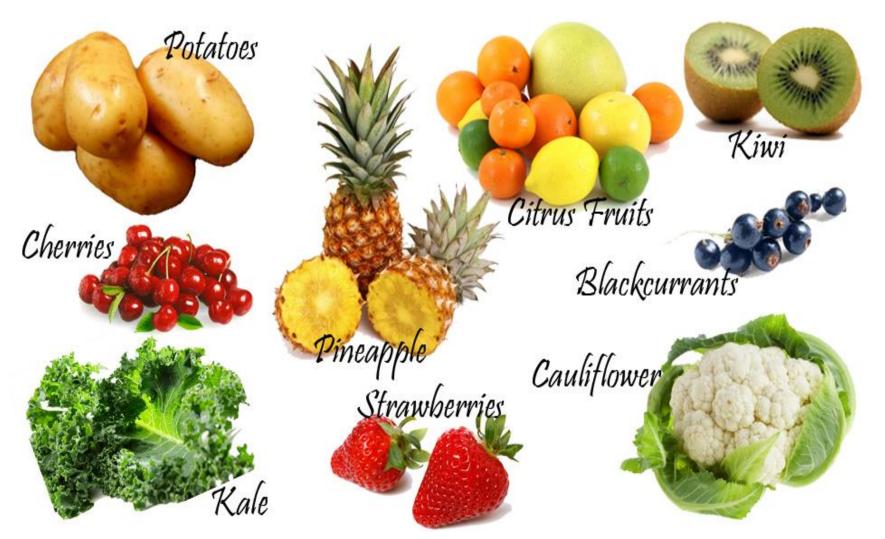
What is vitamin C?

• It is one of the most abundant vitamins that is required in large amounts by humans.

Dietary sources:

- Vitamin C is found in a wide variety of fruits and vegetables.
- Fats and meat are lacking of vit.C except liver







Vitamin C chemistry



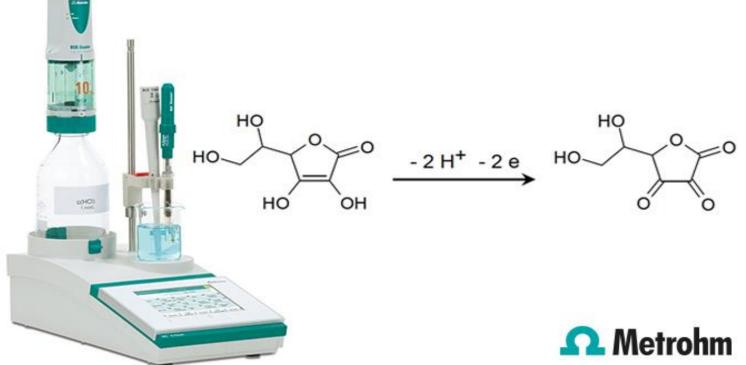


• It forms white crystals which are stable in air





• In solution, it is easily oxidized into dehydro ascorbic acid and this is the basis for analysis of vitamin C.





- It is stable in acidic solutions
- Both reduced and oxidized forms are biologically active

The only animals that can not synthasize ascorbic acid are:

- Guinea pigs
- Rare species of bats
- Gorillas



- Chimps
- Monkeys
- Humans

Recommended dietary requirements of vitamin C:

- 1-3 months infants: 30 mg/day
- Growing boys: 80 mg/day
- Pregnant and lactating women: 100 mg/day



Side effects of Vitamin C over-dose:

- Diarrhea
- Redness of skin
- Headache
- Nausea
- Side or lower back pain
- Stomach cramps













scurvy





Functions of ascorbic acid:

- > Collagen synthesis
- > Nor-epinephrine synthesis
- > Iron absorption
- > Steroid hormone synthesis
- > Antioxidant
- > Improves nitric oxide activity in blood vessels dilation
- > Reduce sorbitol accumulation in eyes, nerves and kidneys



- > Drug metabolism and detoxification
- > Carnitine synthesis
- > Increase macrophage activity
- > Cancer prevention
- > Formation of bile
- > Certain vitamin activation: folic acid
- **➤ Vitamin E recycling**
- >Antihistamine effect



THANK YOU

