## Principles of pharmacy practice

## Lec 4

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## Percent and ratio strength calculations

Percentage

- The term percent and its corresponding sign (\%) mean "by the hundred" or "in a hundred," and percentage means "rate per hundred", so 50 percent (or $50 \%$ ) and a percentage of 50 are equivalent expressions.
- A percent may also be expressed as a ratio, represented as a common or decimal fraction. For example, $50 \%$ means 50 parts in 100 of the same kind, and may be expressed as $50 / 100$ or 0.50
- For the purposes of computation, percents are usually changed to equivalent decimal fractions. This change is made by dropping the percent sign (\%) and dividing the expressed numerator by 100 . Thus,
$12.5 \%=12.5 / 100=0.125$
- The percentage concentrations of active and inactive constituents in various types of pharmaceutical preparations are defined as follows by the United States Pharmacopeia1
- Percent weight-in-volume (w/v) expresses the number of grams of a constituent in 100 mL of solution or liquid preparation and is used regardless of whether water or another liquid is the solvent or vehicle. Expressed as:
50\% w/v.
- Percent volume-in-volume (v/v) expresses the number of milliliters of a constituent in 100 mL of solution or liquid preparation. Expressed as:
50\% v/v.
- Percent weight-in-weight (w/w) expresses the number of grams of a constituent in 100 g of solution or preparation. Expressed as:
50\% w/w.
- The term percent, or the symbol \%, when used without qualification (ex: 6\%) means:

1. • for solutions or suspensions of solids in liquids, percent weight-in-volume;
2. • for solutions of liquids in liquids, percent volume-in-volume;
3.     - for mixtures of solids or semisolids, percent weight-in-weight

## Percentage weight in volume (W/V)

- weight-in-volume expressions, the "correct" strength of a $1 \%$ ( $\mathrm{w} / \mathrm{v}$ ) solution or other liquid preparation is defined as containing 1 g of constituent in 100 mL of product
- Multiply the required number of milliliters by the percentage strength, expressed as a decimal, to obtain the number of grams of solute or constituent in the solution or liquid preparation.
- The volume, in milliliters, represents the weight in grams of the solution or liquid preparation as if it were pure water.
Volume (mL, representing grams) $x$ \% (expressed as a decimal $)=$ grams $(\mathrm{g})$ of solute or constituent
- How many grams of dextrose are required to prepare 4000 mL of a $5 \%$ solution?
4000 mL represents 4000 g of solution
$5 \%=0.05$
$4000 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{x} 0.05=200 \mathrm{~g}$, answer.
- How many grams of potassium permanganate should be used in compounding the following prescription?

Potassium Permanganate 0.02\%<br>Purified Water ad 250 mL

Sig. as directed.
250 mL represents 250 g of solution
$0.02 \%=0.0002$
$250 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{x} 0.0002=0.05 \mathrm{~g}$, answer

- How many grams of aminobenzoic acid should be used in preparing 8 fluidounces of a 5\% solution in 70\% alcohol?
8 fl . oz. $=8 \times 29.57 \mathrm{~mL}=236.56 \mathrm{~mL}$
236.56 mL represents 236.56 g of solution
$5 \%=0.05$
$236.56 \mathrm{~g} \times 0.05=11.83 \mathrm{~g}$, answer.
What is the percentage strength (w/v) of a solution of urea, if 80 mL contains 12 g ?
80 mL of water weighs 80 g

$$
\begin{aligned}
\frac{80(\mathrm{~g})}{12(\mathrm{~g})} & =\frac{100(\%)}{\mathrm{x}(\%)} \\
\mathrm{x} & =15 \%, \text { answer. }
\end{aligned}
$$

How many milliliters of a $3 \%$ solution can be made from 27 g of ephedrine sulfate?

$$
\begin{aligned}
\frac{3(\%)}{100(\%)} & =\frac{27(\mathrm{~g})}{\mathrm{x}(\mathrm{~g})} \\
\mathrm{x} & =900 \mathrm{~g}, \text { weight of the solution if it were water } \\
\text { Volume (in } \mathrm{mL}) & =900 \mathrm{~mL}, \text { answer. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Percentage volume in volume

## Examples of Volume-in-Volume Calculations

How many milliliters of liquefied phenol should be used in compounding the following prescription?
B Liquefied Phenol

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                                    2.5%
240 mL
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Sig. For external use.
Volume $(\mathrm{mL}) \times \%($ expressed as a decimal $)=$ milliliters of active ingredient
$240 \mathrm{~mL} \times 0.025=6 \mathrm{~mL}$, answer.
In preparing 250 mL of a certain lotion, a pharmacist used 4 mL of liquefied phenol. What was the percentage ( $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v}$ ) of liquefied phenol in the lotion?

$$
\begin{aligned}
\frac{250(\mathrm{~mL})}{4(\mathrm{~mL})} & =\frac{100(\%)}{\mathrm{x}(\%)} \\
x & =1.6 \%, \text { answer. }
\end{aligned}
$$

What is the percentage strength $v / v$ of a solution of 800 g of a liquid with a specific gravity of 0.800 in enough water to make 4000 mL ?

800 g of water measures 800 mL
$800 \mathrm{~mL} \div 0.800=1000 \mathrm{~mL}$ of active ingredient

$$
\begin{aligned}
\frac{4000(\mathrm{~mL})}{1000(\mathrm{~mL})} & =\frac{100(\%)}{\mathrm{X}(\%)} \\
x & =25 \%, \text { answer. }
\end{aligned}
$$

Peppermint spirit contains $10 \%$ v/v of peppermint oil. What volume of the spirit will contain 75 mL of peppermint oil?

$$
\begin{aligned}
\frac{10(\%)}{100(\%)} & =\frac{75(\mathrm{~mL})}{\mathrm{x}(\mathrm{~mL})} \\
x & =750 \mathrm{~mL}, \text { answer. }
\end{aligned}
$$

If a veterinary liniment contains $30 \%$ v/v of dimethyl sulfoxide, how many milliliters of the liniment can be prepared from 1 lb of dimethyl sulfoxide (sp gl 1.10)?
$1 \mathrm{lb}=454 \mathrm{~g}$
454 g of water measures 454 mL
$454 \mathrm{~mL} \div 1.10=412.7 \mathrm{~mL}$ of dimethyl sulfoxide

$$
\begin{aligned}
\frac{30(\%)}{100(\%)} & =\frac{412.7(\mathrm{~mL})}{x(\mathrm{~mL})} \\
x & =1375.7 \text { or } 1376 \mathrm{~mL}, \text { answer. }
\end{aligned}
$$

1. R Antipyrine $5 \%$

Glycerin ad
Sig: Five drops in right ear.
How many grams of antipyrine should be used in preparing the prescription?
$3 .{ }^{4} \mathrm{~B} \quad$ Dexamethasone Sodium Phosphate $\quad 100 \mathrm{mg}$
Sterile Water for Injection ad $\quad 100 \mathrm{~mL}$
Sig: 2 drops into eyes $q 4$ hours $\times$ 2 days; then 2 drops q 6 hours $\times 4$ days.
Calculate the percent strength of dexamethasone sodium phosphate in the prescription.
7. If a pharmacist dissolved the contents of eight capsules, each containing 300 mg of clindamycin phosphate, into a sufficient amount of an astringent liquid base to prepare 60 mL of topical solution, what would be the percentage strength ( $\mathrm{w} / \mathrm{v}$ ) of clindamycin phosphate in the prescription?
25. ATROVENT Nasal Spray contains $0.03 \%$ of ipratropium bromide in a $30-\mathrm{mL}$ metered dose container. If the container is calibrated to deliver 345 sprays, calculate the volume of each spray, in microliters, and the medication content of each spray, in micrograms.
34. A dermatologic lotion contains 1.25 mL of liquefied phenol in 500 mL . Calculate the percentage ( $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v}$ ) of liquefied phenol in the lotion.
31. How many liters of a mouthwash can be prepared from 100 mL of cinnamon flavor if its concentration is to be $0.5 \%(\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v})$ ?

