

Example 14:

Write an Algorithm to evaluate the following equation and draw its flow chart:

$$e^x = 1 + X + \frac{X^2}{2!} + \frac{X^3}{3!} + \frac{X^4}{4!} + \dots + \frac{X^N}{N!}$$

Solution:

1- Start.

2- Read the value of N and X.

3- Let the initial value of the factorial (F) equals to one (F=1).

4- Let the initial value of the summation (S) equals to one (S=1).

5- Let the initial value of the counter equals to zero (I=0).

6- Increase the value of the counter by one (I=I+1).

7-F=F*I

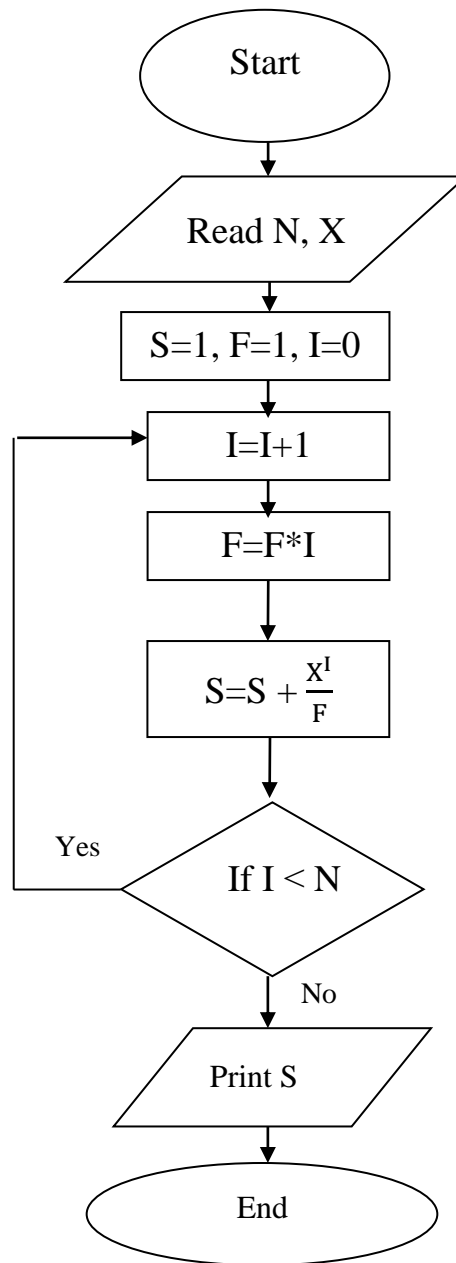
8- $S=S + \frac{X^I}{F}$

9- If I < N, then go to step 6

10- Print S.

11- End

The flowchart of example 14 is shown below:



Example 15: Write an Algorithm to evaluate the following equation:

$$\sin(X) = X - \frac{X^3}{3!} + \frac{X^5}{5!} - \frac{X^7}{7!} + \frac{X^9}{9!} \dots \dots \dots N \text{ Terms}$$

Solution:

The equation is $\sin(X) = \sum_{I=1}^N (-1)^{(I-1)} \frac{X^{(2I-1)}}{(2I-1)!}$

1-Start.

2- Read the value of X and N.

3-Let the initial value of the summation equals to zero(S=0).

4-Let the initial value of the counter equals to zero(I=0).

5-Increase the value of the counter by one (I=I+1).

6-Let the initial value of the counter of the Factorial equals to zero(IF=0).

7- Let the initial value of the factorial (F) equals to one (F=1).

8- Increase the value of the counter of the Factorial by one (IF=IF+1).

9-F=F*IF.

10- If the value of (IF) is less than (2*I-1) Return to step 8.

11- $S = S + (-1)^{(I-1)} * \frac{X^{(2I-1)}}{F}$.

12- If the value of (I) is less than (N) Return to step 5.

13- Print S.

14- End.

The flowchart of example 15 is:

