

## Engineering Analysis & Numerical Methods

ii. Non-Homogeneous 2nd Order D.E.

when  $R(x) \neq 0$

1. Assume  $R(x) = 0$  and find  $J_h$

2. Find  $J_p$  by  $\begin{cases} \text{method of undetermined coeff.} \\ \text{variation of parameters.} \end{cases}$

3. Let  $J = J_h + J_p$

a. Method of undetermined coefficients:-

$$ay'' + by' + cy = F(x)$$

i. assuming  $J_p$

ii. substituting  $J_p$  into the given diff. eq.

iii. determining the arbitrary constants in  $J_p$

$R(x)$	$J_p$	$R(x)$	$J_p$ (example)
$K$	$A$	$2$	$A$
$Kx^n$	$Ax^4 + Bx^3 + Cx^2 + D$	$3x^2$	$Ax^2 + Bx + C$
$Ke^{rx}$	$Ae^{rx}$	$3e^{2x}$	$Ae^{2x}$
$K\cos rx$	$A\cos rx + B\sin rx$	$2\cos 2x$	$A\cos 2x + B\sin 2x$
$K\sin rx$		$3x^2 + \cos 2x$	$Ax^2 + Bx + C + D$
		$3x^2 e^{2x}$	$\cos 2x + E\sin 2x$
			$(Ax^2 + Bx + C)e^{2x}$