



Physical Chemistry-Properties of Gases

50/100 Fifty only
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Department of Chemistry 1st Exam-paper A

Q1: Circle the right answer for all of the following:

1: A vessel of 50 mL capacity contains a certain amount of gas at 40 °C and 2 bar pressure. The gas is transferred to another vessel of volume 100 mL at 40 °C. What should be its pressure?

Answer: a) 1.0 atm b) 0.85 mmHg c) 0.9 cmHg d) 1 bar 5/5

2: What is the right formula of the Van der Waals equation?

Answer: a) $p = [nRT/(V-nb)] - n(a^2/V^2)$ b) $P = [nRT/(V-nb)] - V(n^2/a^2)$ c) $p = [nRT/(b-nV)] - a(n^2/V^2)$ d) $P = [nRT/(V-nb)] - a(n^2/V^2)$ 0/5

3: Calculate the temperature of 4.0 mol of a gas occupying 5.0 dm³ at 3.3 bar?

Answer: a) 50.3 °C b) 48 K c) 51 °C d) 50.3 K 5/5

4: Calculate the weight of O₂ (32 g.mol⁻¹) in a 4 L cylinder at 9 atm and 281 K.

Answer: a) 50 kg b) 50 g c) 50 K d) 50 °C 0/5

5: Calculate the p_c of He gas, if the p_r and p is 0.44 and 1 atm respectively

Answer: a) 2.26 K b) 2.26 atm c) 2.26 L d) 2.26 mol 5/5

6: If the repulsion forces are negligible, that means the gas is?

Answer: a) real b) noble c) perfect d) compressed 0/5

7: According to the Dalton's law total mole fraction is equal to?

Answer: a) 0.10 mol b) 1.0 mol c) 0.10 d) 1.0 0/5

8: What is the partial pressure of a gas in a mixture if the X_i is 0.5, and the conditions are at STP?

Answer: a) 1.5 Pa b) 0.49 bar c) 0.5 atm d) 0.5 bar 5/5

9: If the value of R is 0.082 then the unit of temperature is?

Answer: a) Kelvin b) Celsius c) Fahrenheit d) no one of these 5/5

10: According to the Avogadro's law the amount of a gas at STP is?

Answer: a) 1.00 mol b) 2.00 mol c) 1.00 L d) 2.00 mol 0/5

Q2: The air inside a flexible 3.5 L container has a pressure of 115 kPa. What should the volume of the container be increased to in order to decrease the pressure to 625 torr?

Q3: A 3 dm³ container holds 0.5 moles of N₂ gas at 42 °C. What is the pressure inside the container?

PS

Q2

$V_1 = 3.5L, P_1 = 115 kPa$

$V_2 = ?$, $P_2 = 6.25 \text{ torr}$ → Revise pages no. 2-3

$P = \frac{kPa \times 6.25 \text{ torr}}{101.325} = 0.006 kPa$

to know how to convert torr to Pa or Pa to Torr

OR You can convert torr → atm

$Q_2 \frac{10}{25} \neq Pa \rightarrow atm$

$P_1 V_1 = P_2 V_2 \Rightarrow 3$

$3.5L \times 115 kPa = 0.006 kPa \times V_2$

$V_2 = \frac{3.5L \times 115 kPa}{0.006 kPa} = \boxed{670.8 L}$

Q3 $V = 30 \text{ cm}^3$, $n = 0.5 \text{ mol}$, $T = 42^\circ C$

$T = 42^\circ C + 273 = 315 K$

$PV = nRT$

That is your big mistake

$P = \frac{nRT}{V} = \frac{0.5 \text{ mole} \times 0.082 \text{ atm} \cdot L / \text{mole} \cdot K \times 315 K}{30 \text{ cm}^3}$

$P = 0.043 \text{ atm}$

4.3

$Q_3 \frac{15}{25}$