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12-01-2021  
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Physical Chemistry-Properties of Gases



Name of a student

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No.

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University of Mustansiriyah

1<sup>st</sup> Semester-2021

Department of Chemistry

1<sup>st</sup> Exam-paper B

Q1: Circle the right answer for all of the following:

1: Helium represents a

Answer: a) real gas b) ideal gas c) noble gas d) heavy gas

2: A 0.2 L container contains a certain amount of gas at 1.0 bar pressure. The gas is transferred to another vessel of volume 0.5 dm<sup>3</sup>. What should be its pressure?

Answer: a) 0.60 atm b) 0.40 dm<sup>3</sup> c) 0.4 atm d) 0.4 mmHg

3: A gas occupies 299 dm<sup>3</sup> at 127 °C and 760 mm pressure. What would be its volume at STP?

Answer: a) 199.8 L b) 199 dm<sup>3</sup> c) 200 L d) 204 dm<sup>3</sup>

4: Calculate the weight of CH<sub>4</sub> (16 g.mol<sup>-1</sup>) in a 10 L cylinder at 15 atm and 34 °C.

Answer: a) 95.33 g mol<sup>-1</sup> b) 95.33 g c) 85.80 mol d) 86.65 g

5: Calculate the number of moles for CH<sub>4</sub> in a 12 L cylinder at 14 bar and 28 °C.

Answer: a) 6.8 mol b) 6.9 mol c) 6.5 mol d) 6.7 mol

6: According to Graham's law the heaviest gas is?

Answer: a) H<sub>2</sub> b) O<sub>2</sub> c) N<sub>2</sub> d) CO<sub>2</sub>

7: According to the Avogadro's law the amount of a substance is directly proportional with?

Answer: a) p b) T c) R d) V

8: The difference between real and ideal gas is one of the following?

Answer: a) p & V b) T & n c) attraction forces & volume of a gas

9: It can know the molecular mass of an unknown gas by applying one of the following?

Answer: a) Boyle's law b) Graham's law c) Charles's law d) Gay-Lussac's law

10: If V<sub>m</sub> is bigger than V<sub>m</sub><sup>0</sup> then this means the behaviour of a gas is?

Answer: a) Real b) Ideal c) Real & ideal d) Z = 0

Q2: A gas sample has a mass of 9.98 g. Its volume is 21.6 L at a temperature of 75.46 °C and a pressure of 641 Torr. Calculate its molar mass.

Q3: A 1.3 mole of Ar gas is placed in a container at 27 °C at a pressure of 725 torr. What is the volume of the container in ml?

12/01/2021

Best wishes

Dr Abduljabbar I. R. Rushdi

$$P = \frac{nRT}{V}$$



Q2 |  $PV = nRT$

$0.843 \text{ atm} \times 21.6 \text{ L} = n \times 0.0821 \text{ L} \cdot \text{atm} / \text{mol} \cdot \text{K} \times 348.46 \text{ K}$  =  $75.46^\circ + 273 \text{ K}$   
 $= 348.46 \text{ K}$

$18.2088 = n \times 28.57372 \text{ mol}$

$n = \frac{18.2088}{28.57372 \text{ mol}}$

$n = 0.6372 \text{ mol}$

$n = \frac{w}{\text{M.Wt}} \rightarrow \text{M.Wt} = \frac{w}{n} \rightarrow \text{M.Wt} = \frac{9.98 \text{ g}}{0.6372 \text{ mol}}$

$\text{M.Wt} = 15.6627244 \text{ g/mol}$

$T = T_c + 273 \text{ K}$

$P = \frac{641 \text{ torr}}{760} = 0.843 \text{ atm}$

Q2  $\frac{22}{25}$

Q3  $PV = nRT$

$0.953 \text{ atm} \times V = 1.3 \text{ mol} \times 0.0821 \text{ L} \cdot \text{atm} / \text{mol} \cdot \text{K} \times 300 \text{ K}$

$0.953 \text{ atm} \times V = 31.98 \text{ L} \cdot \text{atm}$

$V = \frac{31.98}{0.953}$

$V = 33.55 \text{ L}$

$\frac{dV}{dL} \rightarrow \frac{V}{(\text{mL})} = 33.55 \times 100$

$V = 3355 \text{ mL}$

$P = \frac{725 \text{ torr}}{760} = 0.953 \text{ atm}$

$T = T_c + 273 \text{ K}$   
 $= 27^\circ + 273 \text{ K}$   
 $= 300 \text{ K}$   
 $n = 1.3 \text{ mol}$

Q3  $\frac{90}{25}$

You should organize your ANSWER