



Physical Chemistry-Properties of Gases

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100
Twenty Line

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Signature
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Department of Chemistry
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1st Exam-paper A

Q1: Circle the right answer for all of the following:

1: How many minutes are required to effuse H₂ gas if its molar mass is 2 g mol⁻¹ in comparison with (32 g mol⁻¹, 3 min) O₂ gas?

Answer: a) 0.800 min b) 0.750 min c) 0.700 min d) ~~0.075 min~~ 0/5

2: What is the right formula of the following equation?

Answer: a) ~~$a = \frac{V_c}{3}$~~ b) $b = \frac{T_c}{5}$ c) $b = \frac{V_c}{3}$ d) $b = \frac{p_c}{3}$ 0/5

3: Calculate the pressure of a gas occupying 3.0 dm³ at 36.5 K?

Answer: a) ~~10 atm~~ b) 1 bar c) 10 bar d) 765 mmHg 0/5

4: Calculate the mass of (44 g mol⁻¹) CO₂ occupied 2 L cylinder at 8 atm and 273 K.

Answer: a) 31.44 g b) 31.44 g⁻¹ c) ~~33.44 g~~ d) 31.44 mg 0/5 0/5

5: Calculate the density of (17 g mol⁻¹) ammonia gas under pressure of 760 mmHg and temperature 40 °C.

Answer: a) ~~0.66 g L~~ b) 0.66 g L⁻¹ c) 0.66 g mL⁻¹ d) 0.66 L g⁻¹ 0/5

6: It can know the gas is real or perfect from its?

Answer: a) volume b) pressure c) compression factor d) Gas constant 0/5

7: If you multiply mole fraction by total pressure then it can calculate?

Answer: a) no. of moles b) pressure of a gas c) temperature d) rate of flow 0/5

8: What is the partial pressure of a gas in a mixture if the X_i is 0.5, and the conditions are at STP?

Answer: a) 1.5 Pa b) 0.49 bar c) 0.5 atm d) 0.5 bar 0/5

9: The unit of R = 0.082 is?

Answer: a) K L mol⁻¹ atm b) K⁻¹ mol⁻¹ atm L c) K L mol⁻¹ J d) ~~atm⁻¹ L mol⁻¹ K~~ 0/5

10: You can know that the gas is heavy from its?

Answer: a) mass b) volume c) molar mass d) ~~pressure~~ 0/5

Q2: 8 moles of a gas are contained in a 40 dm³ container at a pressure of a 9120 mmHg and a temperature of 220 K. a) Calculate the compression factor, Z. b) Determine if the gas is ideally-behaved or real. c) Determine if repulsions or attractions is predominated in the gas.

Q3: Calculate the pressure exerted by 0.400 mol of acetic acid in 3 L container at 50 °C using Van der Waals equation (a = 17.71 atm L² mol² and b = 0.0237 L mol⁻¹).?

Q2

② $n = 8 \text{ mol}$ $V = 40 \text{ dm}^3$ $P = 9120 \text{ mmHg}$ $T = 220 \text{ K}$

$$P_{\text{atm}} = \frac{9120 \text{ mmHg} \times \text{atm}}{760 \text{ mmHg}} = 12 \text{ atm}$$

$PV = nRT$ ~~$PV = 2RT$~~ *التالي*
المسألة

$$n = \frac{PRT}{V}$$

$$n = \frac{40 \text{ dm}^3 \times 0.082 \text{ atm} \cdot \text{L} / \text{mol} \cdot \text{K} \times 220 \text{ K}}{12 \text{ atm}}$$

$$n = 0.133 \text{ mol}$$

b) real *المطلوب هو اي و فيه* *ن* $\frac{10}{25}$

c)

Q3

$n = 0.400 \text{ mol}$ $V = 3 \text{ L}$ $T = 50$

$$t = 50 + 273 = 323 \text{ K}$$

$$P = nRT$$

$$P = \frac{nRT}{V}$$

$$P = \frac{0.400 \text{ mol} \times 0.082 \text{ atm} \cdot \text{L} / \text{mol} \cdot \text{K} \times 323 \text{ K}}{3 \text{ L}}$$

$$P = 15.31 \text{ atm}$$

$\frac{5}{25}$