

المعادلة التفاضلية

Second order Linear differential Equation

$$\ddot{y} + a_1(t)y' + a_0(t)y = b(t)$$

where a_1, a_0, b are given functions on interval $I \subset \mathbb{R}$

- 1) homogeneous iff $b(t) = 0$.
- 2) constant coefficients if a_1, a_0 are constants.
- 3) variable coefficients if either a_1 or a_0 is not constant.

Ex:

① second order, linear, homogeneous, constant coefficients

$$\ddot{y} + 5\dot{y} + 6y = 0$$

② second order, nonhomogeneous, linear, constant coefficients

$$\ddot{y} + 3\dot{y} + y = \cos(3t)$$

③ second order, linear, nonhomogeneous, variable coefficients

$$\ddot{y} + 2t\dot{y} - \ln(t)y = e^{3t}$$

Ex: Find the differential equation satisfied by the family of functions

$$y(t) = c_1 e^{4t} + c_2 e^{-4t}, \text{ where } c_1, c_2 \text{ are arbitrary constants}$$

Solution: compute c_1 :

$$c_1 = y e^{-4t} - c_2 e^{-8t}$$

compute the derivative of y :

$$y' = 4c_1 e^{4t} - 4c_2 e^{-4t}$$

$$y' = 4(y e^{-4t} - c_2 e^{-8t}) e^{4t} - 4c_2 e^{-4t}$$

$$y' = 4y + (-4-4)c_2 e^{-4t} = 4y - 8c_2 e^{-4t}$$

$$\therefore c_2 = \frac{1}{8} (4y - y') e^{4t} \quad \text{بفرض}$$

$$c_1 = y e^{-4t} - \frac{1}{8} (4y - y') e^{4t} e^{-8t} \quad \text{في } c_1$$

$$\therefore c_1 = \frac{1}{8} (4y + y') e^{-4t}$$

ننتج c_2 بالنسبة الى t

$$0 = c_2' = \frac{1}{2} (4y - y') e^{4t} + \frac{1}{8} (4y' - y'') e^{4t}$$

$$\Rightarrow 4(4y - y') + (4y' - y'') = 0$$

$$\therefore y'' - 16y = 0$$

Ex: Find the differential equation satisfied by the family of functions

$$y(t) = \frac{c_1}{t} + c_2 t, \quad c_1, c_2 \in \mathbb{R}$$

Solution:

compute y' $\Rightarrow y' = -\frac{c_1}{t^2} + c_2 t$

$$c_2 = y' + \frac{c_1}{t^2} \Rightarrow y = \frac{c_1}{t} + (y' + \frac{c_1}{t^2})t$$

$$y = \frac{c_1}{t} + t y' + \frac{c_1}{t} \Rightarrow y = \frac{2c_1}{t} + t y'$$

$$\frac{2c_1}{t} = y - t y' \Rightarrow 2c_1 = t y - t^2 y'$$

$$\sigma(2c_1)' = (t y - t^2 y')' = y + t y' - 2t y' - t^2 y''$$

$$\therefore t^2 y'' + t y' - y = 0$$

Ex: Find the differential equation satisfied by the family of functions

$$y(x) = c_1 x + c_2 x^2, \quad \text{where } c_1, c_2 \text{ are arbitrary constants}$$

$$x^2 y'' - 2x y' + 2y = 0$$

الجواب

C. C. / 15/10

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Ex: Find Picard iteration to solve $\dot{y} = 2y + 3$
 $y(0) = 1$

Solution: $y_{n+1}(t) = y_0 + \int_0^t f(s, y_n(s)) ds$

$$y_{n+1}(t) = 1 + \int_0^t 2y_n(s) + 3 ds$$

$$y_1(t) = 1 + \int_0^t (2y_0 + 3) ds = 1 + \int_0^t 5 ds = 1 + 5t$$

$$y_2(t) = 1 + \int_0^t 2y_1 + 3 ds = 1 + \int_0^t 2(1 + 5s) + 3 ds = 1 + 5t + 5t^2$$

$$y_3(t) = 1 + \int_0^t 2(1 + 5s + 5s^2) + 3 ds = 1 + 5t + 5t^2 + \frac{10}{3}t^3$$

$$y_3(t) = 1 + 5t + 5t^2 + \frac{5(2)}{3}t^3$$

$$= 1 + 5 \frac{t}{1!} + 5(2) \frac{t^2}{2!} + 5(2) \frac{t^3}{3!}$$

$$= 1 + \frac{5}{2} \frac{2t}{1!} + \frac{5}{2} \frac{(2t)^2}{2!} + \frac{5}{2} \frac{(2t)^3}{3!} = 1 + \frac{5}{2} \left(2t + \frac{(2t)^2}{2!} + \frac{(2t)^3}{3!} \right)$$

$$\therefore y_N(t) = 1 + \frac{5}{2} \left(2t + \frac{(2t)^2}{2!} + \frac{(2t)^3}{3!} + \dots + \frac{(2t)^N}{N!} \right) = 1 + \frac{5}{2} \sum_{k=1}^N \frac{(2t)^k}{k!}$$

$$= 1 + \frac{5}{2} (e^{2t} - 1) = \frac{5}{2} e^{2t} - \frac{3}{2}$$

Ex: $\dot{y} = ay + b$, $y(0) = \hat{y}_0$, $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$

Solution: $y(t) = \hat{y}_0 + \int_0^t (ay(s) + b) ds$

$$y_1(t) = \hat{y}_0 + \int_0^t (ay_0(s) + b) ds = \hat{y}_0 + \int_0^t (a\hat{y}_0 + b) ds$$

$$= \hat{y}_0 + (a\hat{y}_0 + b)t$$

$$y_2(t) = \hat{y}_0 + \int_0^t (ay_1(s) + b) ds$$

$$= \hat{y}_0 + \int_0^t a(\hat{y}_0 + (a\hat{y}_0 + b)s) + b ds$$

$$= \hat{y}_0 + (a\hat{y}_0 + b)t + (a\hat{y}_0 + b) \frac{at^2}{2}$$

and $y_3(t) = \hat{y}_0 + (a\hat{y}_0 + b)t + (a\hat{y}_0 + b) \frac{at^2}{2} + (a\hat{y}_0 + b) \frac{a^2t^3}{3!}$

$$y_3(t) = \hat{y}_0 + \left(\hat{y}_0 + \frac{b}{a}\right) \left(\frac{at}{1!} + \frac{(at)^2}{2!} + \frac{(at)^3}{3!} \right)$$

$$y_N(t) \equiv \hat{y}_0 + \left(\hat{y}_0 + \frac{b}{a}\right) \left(\frac{at}{1!} + \frac{(at)^2}{2!} + \dots + \frac{(at)^N}{N!} \right)$$

$$= \hat{y}_0 + \left(\hat{y}_0 + \frac{b}{a}\right) \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(at)^k}{k!}$$

$$= \hat{y}_0 + \left(\hat{y}_0 + \frac{b}{a}\right) (e^{at} - 1)$$

Ex : $y' = 5ty$, $y(0) = 1$

$$y_{n+1}(t) = 1 + \int_0^t 5s y_n(s) ds$$

⋮

$$y_3(t) = 1 + \frac{5}{2}t^2 + \frac{5^2}{2^3}t^4 + \frac{5^3}{2^4 \cdot 3}t^6$$

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Ex : $y' = 2t^4 y$, $y(0) = 1$

$$y_{n+1}(t) = 1 + \int_0^t 2s^4 y_n(s) ds$$

⋮

$$y_3 = 1 + \frac{2}{5}t^5 + \frac{2^2}{5^2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}t^{10} + \frac{2^3}{5^3} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{3}t^{15}$$

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