

## Foundation

## of Mathematics I

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## Course Outline

## First Semester

### 1.2. Truth Table

### 1.2.1. What is a Truth Table?

(i) A truth table is a tool that helps you analyze statements or arguments (defined later) in order to verify whether or not they are logical, or true.
(ii) A truth table of a logical proposition shows the condition under which the logical proposition is true and those under which it is false.

There are six basic operations called connectives that you will utilize when creating a truth table. These operations are given below.

| English Name | Math Name | Symbol |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| "and" | Conjunction | $\wedge$ |
| "or" | Disjunction | V |
| "Exclusive" $=$ "or but not <br> both" | xor | $\underline{\mathrm{V}}$ |
| "if ... then" | Implication | $\rightarrow$ |
| "if and only if" | equivalence | $\leftrightarrow$ |
| "not" | Negation | $\sim$ |

## Definition 1.2.2. (Compound Statement)

If two or more logical propositions compound by connectives called compound proposition (statement).

The rules for these connectives (operations) are as follows:

$$
\mathfrak{D}_{r .} \text { Bassam } \mathscr{Q l}_{\text {- }} \mathscr{Q}_{\text {sadi }} \text { and } \mathfrak{D}_{\text {r. }} \text { Emad } \operatorname{Ml} \text { - Dangana }
$$

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AND ( $\wedge$ ) (conjunction): these statements are true only when both p and q are

| AND $\wedge$ (Conjunction) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| p | q | $\mathrm{p} \wedge \mathrm{q}$ |
| T | T | T |
| T | F | F |
| F | T | F |
| F | F | F |

OR (V) (disjunction): these statements are false only when both $p$ and $q$ are false.

