



F11

Physical Chemistry_Chtp_One_Properties of Gases

35
100
Thirty Five

Name of a student _____

Signature _____

No. 12

1st Semester-20211st Exam-paper A

(50 points)

Q1: Circle the right answer for all of the following:

1: If a gas has a non-polar particle then the difference between the volume of this gas is:

- Answer: a) $V_{\text{Real}} > V_{\text{Perfect}}$ b) $V_{\text{Real}} < V_{\text{Perfect}}$ c) $V_{\text{Real}} = V_{\text{Perfect}}$ d) $V_{\text{Real}} \neq V_{\text{Perfect}}$

2: A gas occupies 300000 mL at 130 °C and 760 mmHg pressure. What would be its volume at STP?

- Answer: a) 203.22 mL b) 203.22 dm³ c) 204 L d) 204 dm³

3: Calculate the weight of CH₄ (16 g·mol⁻¹) in a 10 L cylinder at 15×10^5 Pa and 307 K.

- Answer: a) 95.33 g mol⁻¹ b) 95.33 g c) 95.33 mol d) 95.33 kg

4: Calculate the number of moles for CH₄ in a 10000 mL cylinder at 10^6 Pa and 32 °C.

- Answer: a) 4.5 mol b) 4.0 mol c) 4.0 mmol d) 4.5 mmol

5: According to Graham's law the heaviest gas is?

- Answer: a) H₂O b) CH₄ c) NH₃ d) CO

6: A 20 L tank contains a certain amount of gas at 10^5 Pa. The gas is transferred to another tank 40 dm³. What should be its pressure?

- Answer: a) 0.50 atm b) 50 dm³ c) 50 atm d) 0.50 mmHg

7: According to the Avogadro's law the amount of a substance is directly proportional with?

- Answer: a) p b) T c) R d) V

e) n

8: The difference between real and ideal gas is one of the following?

- Answer: a) law p & high T b) high p & law T c) high p & high T d) law p & law T

9: It can know the density of a gas by applying one of the following?

- Answer: a) Van der Waal's law b) Graham's law c) Charles's law d) Gay-Lussac's law

10: If V_m is bigger than V_{ideal}^0 then this means the behaviour of a gas is?

- Answer: a) Real b) Ideal c) Real & ideal d) $Z < 1$

Q2: A (28 mol) gas sample has a mass of 10000 mg. The volume of a container is 22 dm³ at a temperature of 76

°C and a pressure of 641 Torr. What is the density of the gas?

(25 points)

Q3: An Ar gas is placed in a container at 30 °C at a pressure of 730 torr. What is the volume of the container in ml?

(25 points)

$$Q2/ m = 28 \text{ g/mol} \quad V = 1000 \text{ ml} \quad P = 0.843 \text{ atm} ?$$

$$T = 76 + 273 = 349 \text{ K}$$

$$\rho = \frac{RT}{PM}$$

Aqueous soln

$$\rho = 0.95 \text{ g/L}$$

$$Q_2 \frac{25}{25}$$

$$\frac{0.082 \text{ atm} \cdot \text{L/mol} \cdot \text{K} \times 349 \text{ K}}{0.843 \text{ atm} \times 0.028 \text{ mol}}$$

?

$$PV = nRT$$

$$PV = \frac{n}{\mu} RT$$

$$PM = \frac{m}{V} RT$$

$$PM = \rho RT$$

$$\rho = \frac{PM}{RT}$$

$$Q3// T = 30 + 273 = 303 \text{ K} \quad P = \frac{730 \text{ torr}}{76 \text{ torr}} \Rightarrow 0.96 \text{ atm}$$

$$R = 0.082 \text{ atm} \cdot \text{L/mol} \cdot \text{K}$$

$$n = 1 \text{ mol}$$

$$PV = nRT \Rightarrow V = \frac{nRT}{P} = \frac{1 \text{ mol} \times 0.082 \text{ atm} \cdot \text{L/mol} \cdot \text{K} \times 303 \text{ K}}{0.96 \text{ atm}}$$

$$V = 25.88 \text{ L} * 1000$$

$$V = 25880 \text{ mL}$$

(25)

(25)

(25)

Dr. A. D. Aliyu & Dr. F. R. Rubaga

$$Q_3 \frac{25}{25}$$

Ci je la ješi ješi