

The Experiments of Weather Instruments & Observations lab.

(First Semester)

ASD / 2nd Stage

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The Temperature

It is an indicator of the amount of thermal energy stored by the body, and there are many units for measuring temperature:

- a. Celsius ($^{\circ}\text{C}$): where water freezes at (0°C) and boils at (100°C).
- b. Fahrenheit ($^{\circ}\text{F}$): water freezes at (32°F) and boils at (212°F).

$$T(^{\circ}\text{F}) = 9/5 T(^{\circ}\text{C}) + 32$$

- c. Absolute (K): in which water freezes at (273 K) and boils at (373 K).

$$T(\text{K}) = T(^{\circ}\text{C}) + 273$$

Temperature measuring devices:

At the station there is a box called a box of thermometers made made of wood and painted white, it has double walls with openings in the form of slits to allow air to pass inside to keep the devices or thermometers far from the influence of solar radiation, and these devices include:



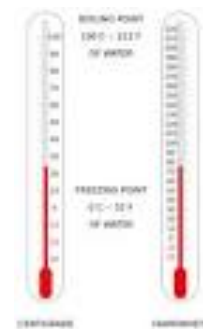
1. Dry bulb thermometer.
2. Wet bulb thermometer.
3. Maximum and minimum temperature thermometer.
4. The registered thermometer (double).
5. Soil depth thermometer.
6. Infrared thermometer.
7. Electrothermal thermometer.



registered thermometer



Infrared thermometer



Max. & min. temp. thermometer

1S_nTTT



Temperature group: where (1) is the group index.

S_n is the sign of the temperature and takes the values (0) if the temperature is positive or equal to zero, and (1) if the temperature is negative.

TTT Temperature with tenths where tenths are rounded when drawing on the station as follows:

$$10237 \implies TT = +23.7 \implies TT = +24$$

$$10064 \implies TT = +06.4 \implies TT = +06$$

$$11106 \implies TT = -10.6 \implies TT = -11$$

The location of the temperature on the station is as follows:



Relative Humidity

It is defined as the ratio of the partial pressure of water vapor in a mixture to the saturated vapor pressure of water at a given temperature.

1:2 Relative humidity meters

1. Sycrometer (dry and wet bulb thermometer).
2. Hygograph.
3. Hygrometers by means of electrical resistance.
4. Humidity measuring devices by electrical capacitance.
5. Hygrometers by absorption method (CaCl₂ absorption of moisture).
6. Hygrometers by condensation method.



2S_nT_dT_dT_d



Dew point temperature group: where (2) is the group index.

*S_n is the sign of the dew point temperature and takes the values (0) if the dew point temperature is **positive** or **equal to zero**, and (1) if the dew point temperature is **negative**.*

T_dT_dT_d The temperature of the dew point with its tenths, as tenths are rounded when drawing on the station, as in temperature.

The location of the dew point temperature on the station is as follows:



*In the absence of information for the dew point temperature, the information is for **relative humidity** and S_n is encoded by the number (9), rounded by tenths (29UUU), and drawn on the station in the same place as follows:*

ex: 29653 \implies UU=65.3% \implies UU=65%