The Experiments of Weather Instruments & Observations lab.

(First Semester) ASD / 2nd Stage 2023 - 2024

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<u>Rain</u>

The amount of rainfall is defined as: The depth of water measured in units of millimeters (mm) that covers a horizontal surface.

<u>Raín gauges:</u>

- 1. Rain Gauge device.
- 2. Inclined bucket device.
- 3. Raín recorder



Inclined bucket device



Raín recorder

6RRRt_R

The sediment group is drawn on the station where (6) is the group guide

RRR the amount of sediment calculated from the table, t_{R} the period of sediment fall before the time of observation

Its location is as follows:

 $\int t_{R}$

RRR

Code number	RRR(mm)	
001	1	
989	989	
990	trace	
991	0.1	
999	0.9	

$t\mathcal{R}$	Explanation
1	Total sedimentation amount during the observation period (6 hours) before
2	Total sedimentation amount during the observation period (12 hours) before
3	Total sedimentation amount during the observation period (18 hours) before
4	Total sedimentation amount during the observation period (24 hours) before
5	Total sedimentation amount during the observation period (1 hour) before
6	Total sedimentation amount during the observation period (2 hours) before
7	Total sedimentation amount during the observation period (3 hours) before
8	Total sedimentation amount during the observation period (9 hours) before
9	Total sedimentation amount during the observation period (15 hours) before

$7wwW_1W_2$

The group of the present weather and the past weather, as (7) the group's guide

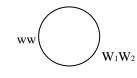
ww *Elements of the present weather and an hour before the observation and take the numbers* (00 - 99) *as*:

(00-49) means that there are **no sediments** in the station before the preparation of the stock, as this group relates to the lack of visibility or sediments prior to the preparation of the stock.

(50-99) Precipitation is present at the time of stock preparation.

 W_1 and W_2 are elements of the past weather, and represent the last two essential phenomena

It appeared during the past 6 hours for monitoring at the following times (00, 06, 12, 18)



The following is a table of the meanings of the basic symbols of the elements of the present and past weather:

Sym.	meaning	Sym.	meaning
S	dust	*	snow
(UI)	eddy		dríft
	fog	\sim	freezíng
•	raín	∇	showers
و	drízzle	K,	Thunder
			storms

$8N_{\rm h}C_{\rm L}C_{\rm M}C_{\rm H}$

Group types of clouds where (8) group index

 N_h is the amount of low clouds, and if it is not available, it represents the amount of average clouds (C_M)

*note:

This group is deleted if:

a. There are **no clouds**, meaning that $\mathcal{N} = o$

b. The sky is **obscured** by one of the weather phenomena, meaning that $\mathcal{N} = 9$

The location of the clouds symbols around the station is as follows:

