**THIRD STAGE –THE SECOND LECTURE**

Use

The present simple is used to express: 1- an action that happens again and again(a habit). Ex. I go to work by car. Ex. She drinks ten cups of coffee a day. Ex. I wash my hair twice a week. 2-a fact that is always true. Ex. Ronaldo comes from Brazil. Ex. Some birds fly south in winter. Ex. My daughter has brown eyes. 3- a fact that has been true for a long time (a state). Ex. He works in a bank. Ex. I live in a flat near the center of town. Ex. I prefer coffee to tea.

The spelling of verb+ -s 1-Most verbs adds -s to the base form of the verb. wants , eats , helps , drives 2-Add –es to verbs that end in –ss , -sh , -ch , -x , and –o misses , washes , watches , fixes , goes 3-Verbs that end in a consonant + -y change the –y to –ies carries , flies , worries , tries But verbs that end in a vowel + -y only add –s . buys , says , plays , enjoys 1- We often use adverbs of frequency with the Present Simple . %0----------------------------------------------------%50----------------------------------------------------%100 never rarely not often sometimes often usually always

2- They go before the main verb, but after the verb be. Compare : ex. I usually start school at 9.00. Ex. They are usually in a hurry in the morning. Ex. I don’t often go to bed late. Ex. I am not often late for school. Ex. She never eats meat. Ex. He is never late. Ex. I rarely see Peter these days Ex. We are rarely at home at the weekends. 3- Sometimes and usually can also go at the beginning or the end. Ex. Sometimes we play football . We play football sometimes. Ex. Usually I go shopping with friends. I go shopping with friends usually.

Never, always, rarely, and seldom can not move in this way.

 NOT

Never I go to the movies. Always I have tea in the morning.

4- Every day, etc, goes at the end. Ex. He phones me every night.

The present continuous is used to express: 1- an activity that is happening now. Ex. Don’t turn the TV off. I am watching it. Ex. You can not speak to Lisa. She is having a bath. 2-an activity or situation that is true now, but is not necessarily happening at the moment of speaking. Ex. Don’t take that book. Jane is reading it. Ex. I am doing a French evening class this year. 3-a temporary activity. Ex. Peter is a student, but he is working as a waiter during the holidays. ex. I am living with my parents until I find a place of my own. 4-a planned future arrangement. ex. I am having lunch with Glenda tomorrow. Ex. We are meeting at 1.00 outside the restaurant.

م.م سعد بادي كاظم

المادة :اللغة الإنكليزية

المرحلة الثالثة