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36

Name of a student كزارعك Signature [Signature] No. 36
Mustansiriyah University
Department of Chemistry

2nd SEM-2025 Bologna Process
Mid_Exam_Class_A_Paper_D

Q1/ MCQ test (Answer the following)

(Marks 50 %)

1: The Gibbs phase rule is interested in two variants?

Answer: a) p & T b) F & T c) ~~p & conc.~~ d) T & conc.

2: What do you expect if you add NaCl to H₂O, an increase in the?

Answer: a) LP b) ~~VP~~ c) FP d) BP

3: The three phases of CO₂ in the phase diagram meets?

Answer: a) at 1 atm b) over 1 atm c) below 1 atm d) ~~at any pressure~~

4: The phase of super cooling is ----?

Answer: a) ~~gas~~ b) liquid c) solid d) plasma

5: How many phases are there when the number of variants is two and the number of components is one?

Answer: a) zero b) 1 c) ~~2~~ d) 3

6: The Clapeyron equation can be applied when there is an equilibrium between one of the following?

Answer: a) ~~melt. & freez.~~ b) sub. & depo. c) vap. & cond. d) all of these

7: The relationship between VP and m is -----.

Answer: a) direct b) inverse c) disordered d) ~~none of these~~

8: If you add a ----- to a solvent, then there is a change in the colligative properties of the solvent.

Answer: a) non-volatile solute b) volatile solute c) ~~pure solute~~ d) pure solvent

9: Osmotic process is used to push the solvent to the -----?

Answer: a) ~~solute~~ b) impure solute c) mixture d) pure solvent

10- One of the most important benefits of measuring molar mass of the solute is to study the change in -----.

Answer: a) m b) Π c) ~~V~~ d) p

Q2/ 0.5 mol of a non-P-solute was added to 12.0 mol of P-solvent, VP* is 12.0 kPa at 295 K. What is the VP at 295 K? Determine the deviation of this solution from Raoult's law where VP_{ideal} = 10 kPa. (Marks 25%)

Q3/ Plot the phase diagram of the system (A & B) assumed that (A & B) do not react with each other. A freezes at (-6 °C) and B freezes at (8 °C), and that an eutectic mixture is formed when the ratio is 60 wt % of A and that the eutectic melts at (-9 °C), then label all the parts (p & F) of the diagram? (Marks 25%)

$$R = 12.0 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$T = 295$$

$$\frac{dA}{dT} = \frac{\Delta_{\text{vap}} H}{\text{solub} \times \text{solvent}} \left(\frac{1}{T} \times \frac{1}{T} \right)$$

$$\frac{dA}{dT} = \frac{12.0 \times 10^{-3}}{0.5 \text{ mol} + 12.0 \text{ mol}} \left(\frac{1}{295} \times \frac{1}{295} \right)$$

$$3.38 \times 10^{-3}$$

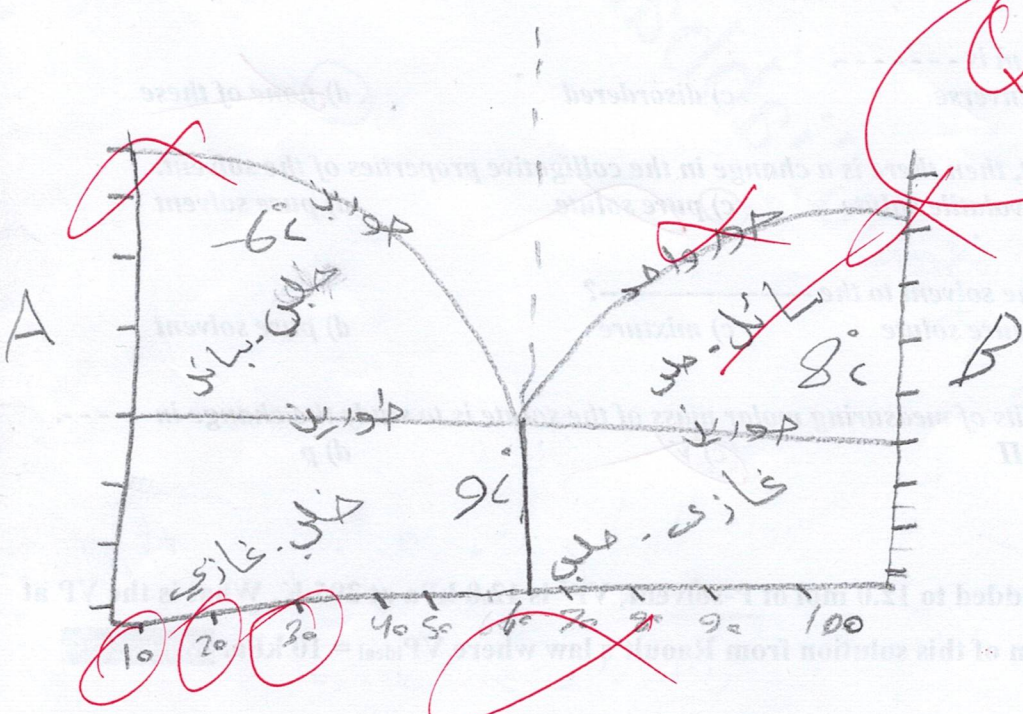
$$\frac{dA}{dT} = 288 \times 10^{-3} \times 11.42 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dT} = 3288.96 \times 10^{-3}$$

يكون علاقة موجبة بين V_P و V_P^*

Q2
10
25

Q-3-



Q3
10
25