

Unit four– SECOND STAGE –

Read the paragraph carefully.

Bruce was an Australian and worked for a newspaper in Sunday. Then he thought, I want to see Europe, I will go to England and work for a newspaper there for a few years. He flew to London and soon got work, because he was good at his job. He lived in a small, but comfortable house near London, and he had a small garden. He enjoyed working in it on Saturdays and Sundays. He had nice neighbours on both sides and they often worked in their gardens on Saturdays and Sundays too, and then they talked and joked together. One day he was digging a hole in his garden to plant a bush when one of these neighbours came to the fence between the two gardens and looked at Bruce's work. He laughed and said, Are you making a swimming-pool? Oh, no, answered Bruce, I am going home.

Q/Which of these sentences are true and which are false?

- 1-Bruce worked for a newspaper.
- 2-Bruce was good at his job.
- 3-Bruce worked in his garden on Saturdays and Sundays.
- 4-Bruce didn't like his neighbours.
- 5-His neighbour thought, Bruce is making a swimming-pool.
- 6-Bruce wanted to go back to Australia.

Q/Answer these questions.

- 1-What was Bruce?
- 2-Why did he go to England?
- 3-Where did he live?
- 4-What were his neighbours like?
- 5-What did they often do on Saturdays and Sundays?
- 6-What was he doing in his garden one day?
- 7-What did one of his neighbours say to Bruce?
- 8-And what did Bruce answer?

1- Affirmative: has(formal)

Noun/pronoun(singular) +has +noun +CS.

Ex. The teacher has three students.

Ex. Ali has a car.

Ex. Peter has three friends.

Noun/pronoun(singular)+ has + Adjective +CS.

Ex .Mary has a good student.

Ex. Jessica has a nice girl.

2-Negative:(has=doesn't have) (formal)

Noun/Pronoun+ doesn't have +adjective +CS.

Ex. Annie has three brothers.

Ex. Annie doesn't have three brothers.

Ex. Helen has a nice student.

Ex. Helen doesn't have a nice girl.

Question: (has=does have)(formal)

Does +noun/pronoun+ have +CS?

Ex. Joe has a car.

Ex. Does Joe have a car?

Yes, he does.

No he doesn't.

Ex. Fred has a good student.

Does Fred have a good student?

Yes, he does.

No, he doesn't .

1-Affirmative:

(have got)(informal)

Noun/Pronoun (plural)+have got +noun/adjective+ CS.

Ex. They have got house.

Ex. We have library.

Ex. Mike and Jack have got more papers.

Ex. They have got a new friend.

Ex. The students have got excellent teacher.

has got(informal)

Noun/Pronoun+ has got+ noun/adjective+ CS.

ex. She has got a computer.

Ex. The old lady has got three cars.

Ex. Nadia has got a nice friends.

2-Negative:

Noun/Pronoun +haven't got /hasn't got +noun/adjective+ CS. (informal)

ex. They haven't got information about the exam.

Ex. She hasn't got sources about her project.

Ex. Daddy hasn't got a new bicycle.

ex. You haven't got furniture in your home.

Question: have got/has got

Have +noun/pronoun+ got +noun/adjective +CS?(informal)

ex. Have Ali and Huda got computer?

Yes, they have got.

No, they haven't got.

Ex. Has he got three brothers?

Yes, he has got.

No, he hasn't got.