

2 - Some terms were used in traditional grammar but with different meanings for example:

-The man must have found the note.

A verb phrase to the traditionalist is

(must have found) while the traditionalist is

(must have found the note)

هذا هو الـ Verb phrase في اللغة العربية

P3: VP → Aux + M.V (manner) (place) (time) (reason)

it is concerned with the verb phrase and it

consists of two obligatory elements which

are (auxiliary and main verb) and optional adverbials of.

(الزمن + المكان + الطريقة + ظرف اختيارية)

A/ manner (rapidly, with ease) السرعة

B/ place (there, here) الحيث

C/ time (then, at noon) الوقت

D/ reason (because of the noise) السبب

Exclude linking verb because linking verb by form it is v.to do and in function it is v.to be.

(v. to do) فعل (v. to do) فعل (link verb) فعل

* In Case we are having trouble classifying the words ?

1- only a noun phrase may contain a determiner or be in the plural.

فقط الجملة الاسمية
التي تكون بها

2- Some nouns do not have plural forms; She drunk the milk; there is no forms as milks

ليس لها صيغة جمع

3- Many abstract nouns and proper nouns do not take determiner or plural endings.

exempl: John admires Courage.

4- An adjective phrase may contain an intensifier; They were rather friendly;

الصفة قد تأتي مع

5- Some adverbials may also be accompanied by intensifier or be compared, but not adverbial of place. They are here, but not ~~they are here~~ They are here.

فعل - ~~فعل~~ -