

Ex.: IF $X \sim \text{Beta}(a, b)$, show that

$$E(X) = \frac{a}{a+b}$$

Sol.

$$E(X) = \int_0^1 x \frac{1}{\Gamma(a, b)} x^{a-1} (1-x)^{b-1} dx$$

$$= \int_0^1 x \frac{\Gamma(a+b)}{\Gamma(a) \Gamma(b)} x^{a-1} (1-x)^{b-1} dx$$

$$= \frac{\Gamma(a+b)}{\Gamma(a) \Gamma(b)} \int_0^1 x^{a+x} (1-x)^{b-1} dx$$

$$\left[\int_0^1 x^{a-1} (1-x)^{b-1} dx \right] = \Gamma(a, b)$$

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وَالْحَلُّ

$$\frac{\Gamma(a+b)}{\Gamma(a) \Gamma(b)} [\Gamma(a+1, b)]$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\Gamma(a+b)}{\Gamma(a) \Gamma(b)} \times \frac{\Gamma(a+1) \Gamma(b)}{\Gamma(a+1+b)}$$

$$= \frac{\Gamma(a+b)}{\Gamma(a) \Gamma(b)} \left[\frac{(a+1-1)! \times (b-1)!}{(a+b+1-1)!} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{(a+b-1)!}{(a-1)! (b-1)!} \left[\frac{a! (b-1)!}{(a+b)!} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{(a+b-1)!}{(a-1)!} \times \frac{a(a-1)!}{(a+b)(a+b-1)!}$$

$$\Rightarrow E(X) = \frac{a}{a+b}$$

Ex.: On a final examination in math the mean was (72) and the SD was (15). Determine the standard scores of marks

a) 60 b) 93 c) 72

Sol.

$$Z = \frac{X - M}{\sigma}$$

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$$a) Z = \frac{60 - 72}{15} = -0.8$$

$$b) Z = \frac{93 - 72}{15} = 1.4$$

$$c) Z = \frac{72 - 72}{15} = 0$$

and then find the marks corresponding to the S. Scores

a) -1 b) 1.6

Sol.

$$Z = \frac{X - M}{\sigma}$$

$$a) X = \sigma(Z) + M \\ = 15(-1) + 72 = 57$$

$$b) X = \sigma(Z) + M \\ = 15(1.6) + 72 = 96$$

Ex 1 e) $P(Z \geq 0.6)$

Sol.

$$P(Z \geq 0) = 0.5 \quad \text{if } z > 0, \quad \bar{\Phi}(z) > 0$$

$$P(Z \geq 0) - P(0 \leq Z \leq 0.6)$$

$$= 0.5 - \Phi(0.6)$$

$$= 0.5 - 0.2257$$

$$= 0.2743$$

f) $P(Z \geq 1.28)$

Sol.

$$P(Z \geq 0) + P(0 \leq Z \leq 1.28)$$

$$= 0.5 + 0.3997$$

$$= 0.8997$$

g) $P(2.05 \leq Z \leq -1.44)$

Sol.

$$1 - [\Phi(2.05) + \Phi(-1.44)]$$

$$= 1 - [0.4251 + 0.4798]$$

$$= 0.0951$$

h) $P(|Z| \leq 0.5) = P(-0.5 \leq Z \leq 0.5)$

$$= P(-0.5 \leq Z \leq 0) + P(0 \leq Z \leq 0.5)$$

$$= P(0 \leq Z \leq 0.5) + P(0 \leq Z \leq 0.5)$$

$$= 2 \Phi(0.5)$$

$$= 2(0.1915)$$

$$= 0.3830$$