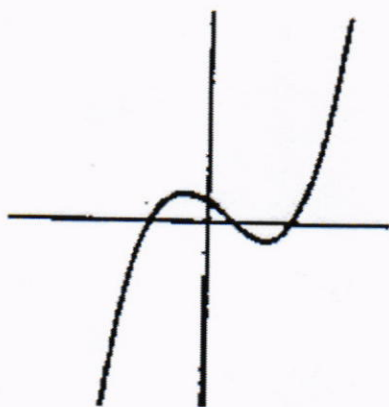


$$f(x) = 2^x$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 0 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{array}$$

(2)  $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is an onto function if each horizontal line intersects the graph of  $f$  at one or more points (at least once)



$$f_3(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 - 5x + 6$$