

(4)

الفصل الثاني

- SAMPLING Distribution.

- let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be a.r.s of size n from a population and let $T(X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n)$ be a real (or vector-valued) function whose domain includes the sample space of (X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n) . Then the random vector $Y = T(X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n)$ is called a statistic.

- The probability distribution of a statistic Y is called the sampling distribution of Y .

- The sample mean is the arithmetic average of the values in a.r.s.

متوسط العينة \rightarrow

$$\bar{X} = \frac{X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_n}{n} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$$

- The sample variance is the statistic defined by

standard deviation \rightarrow التباين العادي

$$S^2 = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2$$

- The sample standard deviation is the statistic defined by S .

- Sampling From Normal distribution.

properties of The Sample mean and Sample Variance

let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be av.s of size n from $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ distribution Then:

(a) \bar{X} and \bar{S} are independent rvs.

(b) $\bar{X} \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2/n)$

(c) $\frac{(n-1)S^2}{\sigma^2} \sim \chi_{n-1}^2$

- let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be av.s of size n from $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ distribution Then

$$\frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}} \sim N(0, 1)$$

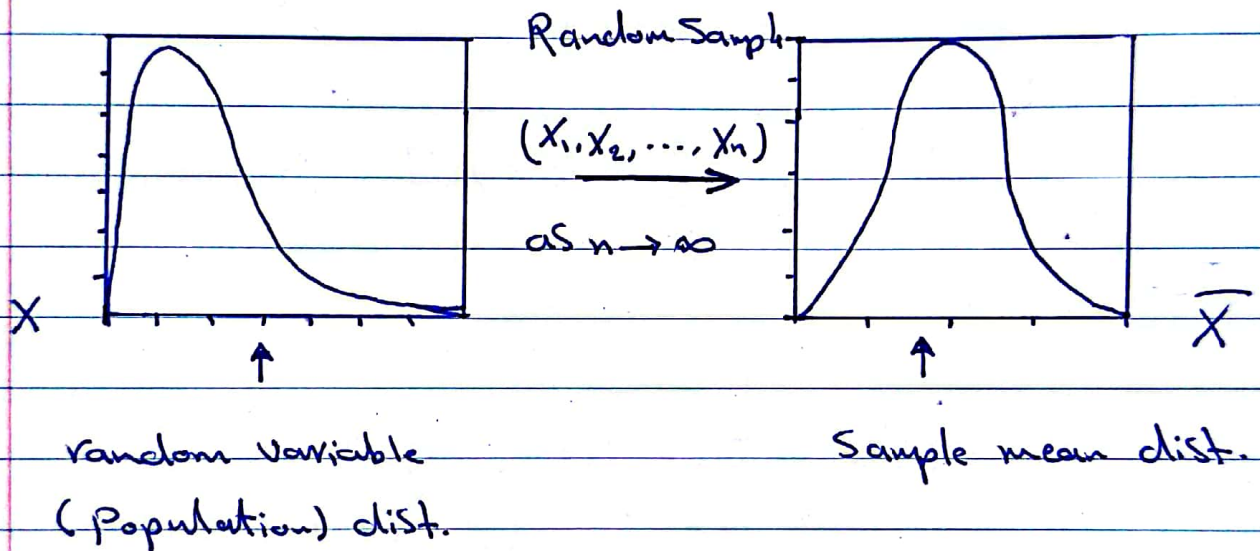
most of The time σ is unknown. So we use

$$\frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{S/\sqrt{n}}$$

(5)

Central Limit Theorem

if a random sample is drawn from any population The sampling distribution of The sample mean is approximately normal for a sufficiently large sample size. The larger the sample size the more closely the sampling distribution of \bar{X} will resemble a normal distribution.



- Sampling distribution of The Sample mean.

Population mean μ تيارين متوسط الينان
 Sample mean \bar{x} $\mu_{\bar{x}} = \mu$ $\sigma_{\bar{x}}^2 = \frac{\sigma^2}{n}$ or $\sigma_{\bar{x}} = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$

- if X is normal, \bar{X} is normal تقريباً
- if X is non-normal, \bar{X} is a approximately normal distributed for sample size greater than or equal to 30