

5 - Efficiency

L

فلسفہ

عربی لکھی

Def: - If $V(\hat{\theta})$ is equal to CRLB Then $\hat{\theta}$ is called efficient estimator for θ . i.e

$$eff = \frac{CRLB}{V(\hat{\theta})}$$

- Cramer-Rao Lower Bound

$$CRLB = \frac{1}{I} = I^{-1}$$

where I is called by Fisher The amount of information about θ contained in observation X .

$$I = n E \left[\frac{\partial [\ln(P(x, \theta))]}{\partial \theta} \right]^2 \quad \text{OR}$$

$$I = -n E \left[\frac{\partial^2 (\ln(P(x, \theta)))}{\partial \theta^2} \right] \quad \text{and} \quad V(\hat{\theta}) \geq I^{-1}$$

Ex.

let $X_i \sim P(\theta)$, $i=1, 2, \dots, n$. Find CRLB, and show that $\hat{\theta} = \bar{X}$ is efficient estimator for θ .

Sol

Since The range of X does not depend on The unknown parameter θ which we wish to estimate, we can proceed to compute and use The Cramer-Rao Lower Bound for unbiased estimators:

$$CRLB = \frac{1}{I} = \frac{1}{n E \left[\frac{\partial (\ln(p(x, \theta)))}{\partial \theta} \right]^2}$$

Since $x \sim p(\theta)$

$$P(x, \theta) = \frac{e^{-\theta} \cdot \theta^x}{x!} \Rightarrow \ln(P(x, \theta)) = \ln \left(\frac{e^{-\theta} \cdot \theta^x}{x!} \right)$$

$$= -\theta + x \ln \theta - \ln(x!)$$

x يعتبر ثابت، مشتقة $\ln \theta$ هو $\frac{1}{\theta}$

$$\frac{\partial (\ln P(x, \theta))}{\partial \theta} = -1 + \frac{x}{\theta} = \frac{x - \theta}{\theta}$$

$$n E \left[\frac{\partial (\ln P(x, \theta))}{\partial \theta} \right]^2 = n E \left[\frac{x - \theta}{\theta} \right]^2 \Rightarrow \frac{n}{\theta^2} E (x - \theta)^2$$

$$= \frac{n}{\theta^2} V(x) = \frac{n}{\theta^2} \cdot \theta = \frac{n}{\theta}$$

في التوزيع $E(x) = \theta$
 $\frac{n}{\theta^2} E [x - E(x)]^2 = V(x) = \theta$
لأنه $V(x)$ هو التباين

$$CRLB = \frac{1}{I} = \frac{1}{\frac{n}{\theta}} = \frac{\theta}{n}$$

- For efficient we have That $eff = \frac{CRLB}{V(\hat{\theta})}$

$$V(\hat{\theta}) = V(\bar{x}) = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n V(x_i)}{n^2} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n \theta}{n^2} = \frac{n\theta}{n^2} = \frac{\theta}{n}$$

$\therefore eff = \frac{\theta/n}{\theta/n} = 1$ Then $\hat{\theta} = \bar{x}$ is efficient estimator

Pen θ

Ans

let $x_i \sim Exp(\theta)$ $i=1, 2, \dots, n$ Find CRLB and show That $\hat{\theta} = \bar{x}$ is efficient estimator For θ .