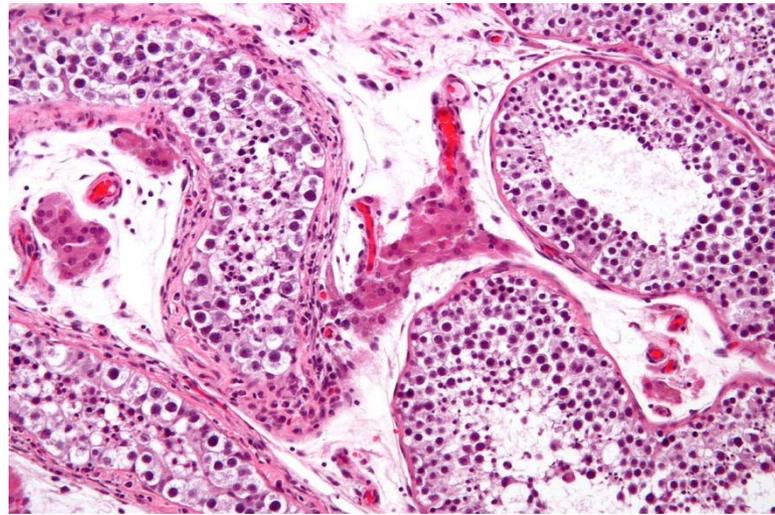


Resveratrol protects Leydig cells from nicotine-induced oxidative damage through enhanced autophagy

Clin Exp Pharmacol Physiol. 2017 Nov 22.
doi: 10.1111/1440-1681.12895.



By: Dr. Firas Subhi Saleh

Cancer Research Department

Iraqi Centre for Cancer and Medical Genetics Research (ICCMGR)

Mustansiriyah University

Introduction

Leydig cells, also known as interstitial cells of Leydig, are found adjacent to the seminiferous tubules in the testicle.

Histological section through testicular parenchyma:

1 Lumen of seminiferous tubules

2 spermatids

3 spermatocytes

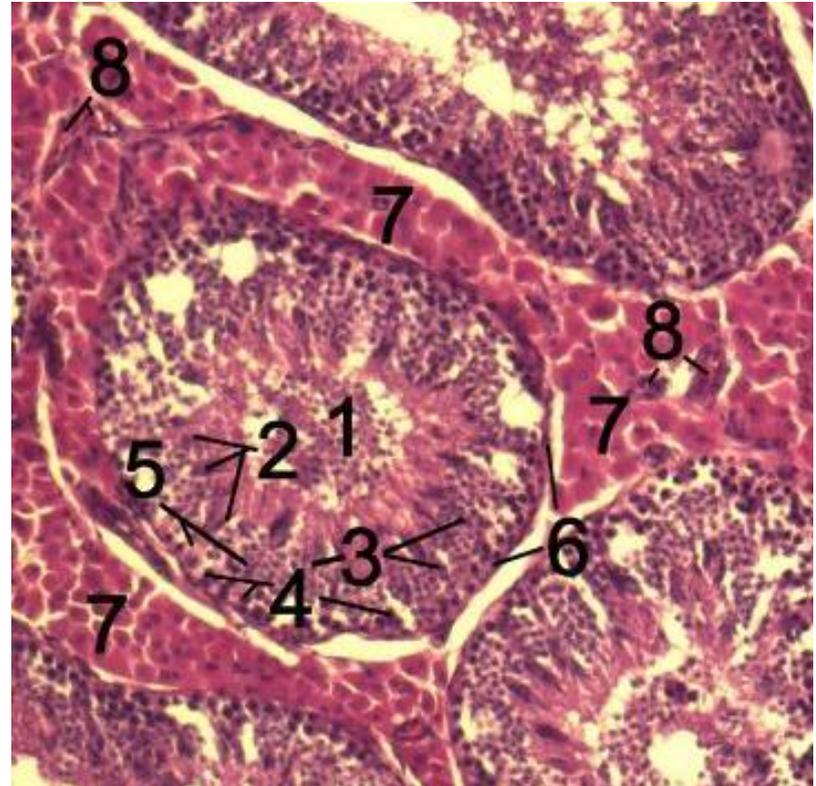
4 spermatogonia

5 Sertoli cell

6 Myofibroblasts

7 Leydig cells

8 capillaries



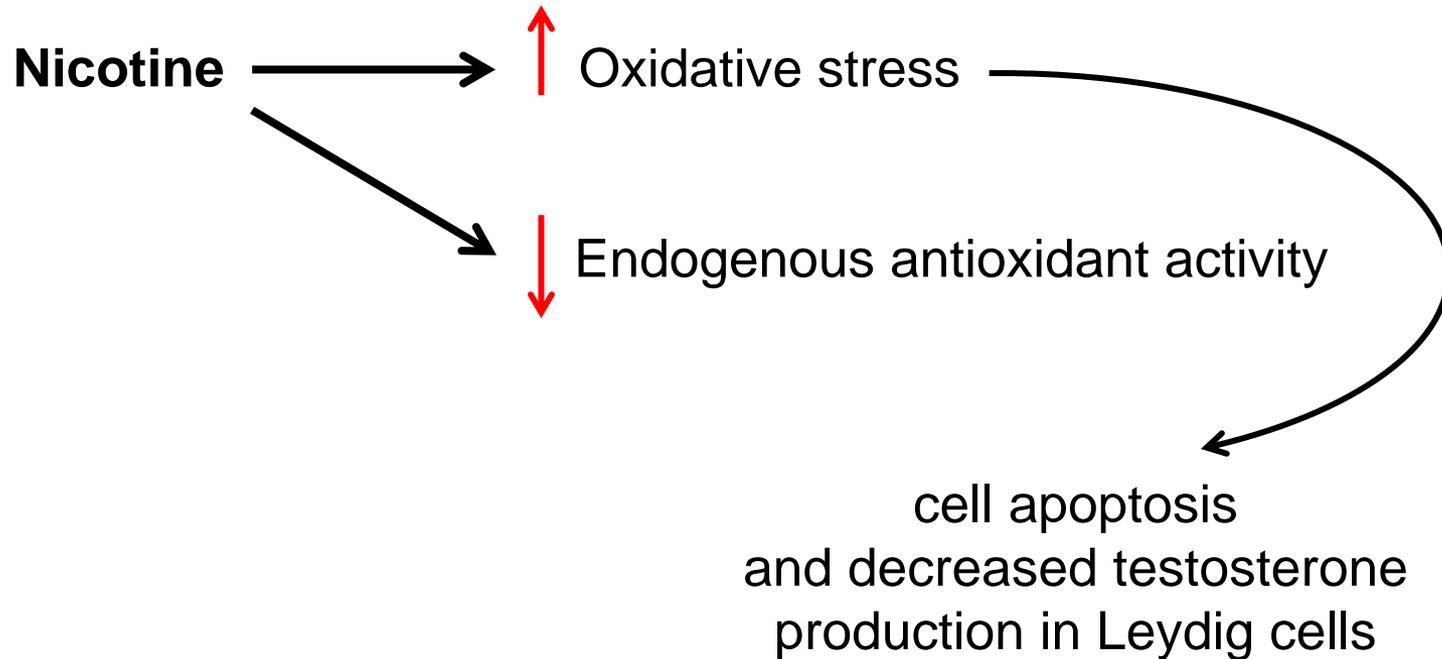
Introduction

- In recent years, the growing number of male infertility has aroused broad attention.
- Approximately 3% of all human couples are recognized as infertile, and about 50% of these infertility cases are related to male fertility factors.
- Male infertility can be caused by various factors:
 - ❖ Testicular torsion or trauma
 - ❖ Seminal tract infections
 - ❖ Cryptorchidism
 - ❖ Gonadal dysgenesis
 - ❖ Reproductive channel obstruction
 - ❖ Anti-sperm antibodies
 - ❖ Genetic abnormalities and chromosomal aberrations

Introduction

- More than a billion cigarette smokers all over the world (man adults occupy a large proportion).
- Cigarette smoking is a well-known critical risk factor for various diseases including lung diseases, cardiovascular diseases, and cancers.
- Chronic exposure to water-pipe smoke (WPS) induces damaging effects to the reproductive system in male mice.
- Among the numerous alkaloids in tobacco, nicotine is the most active one and represents about 95% of the total alkaloid fraction.

Introduction



- ❖ oxidative stress is a primary factor in the pathogenesis of male infertility.

Antioxidant supplementation may be explored as a potential strategy to overcome reproductive disorders associated with male infertility, especially in cigarette smokers

Introduction

- Resveratrol (trans-3,5,4'-trihydroxystilbene), a type of natural phenol, and a phytoalexin.
- Sources of resveratrol in food include the skin of grapes, blueberries, raspberries, mulberries, peanuts and many other botanicals.
- It's pharmacological properties include: anti-inflammatory, anti-oxidative, anti-thrombotic and anti-proliferative properties.
- Resveratrol reflected strong anti-oxidative capacities, particularly excellent scavenging activities.
- It has a capability to induce autophagy.

Introduction

What is Autophagy?

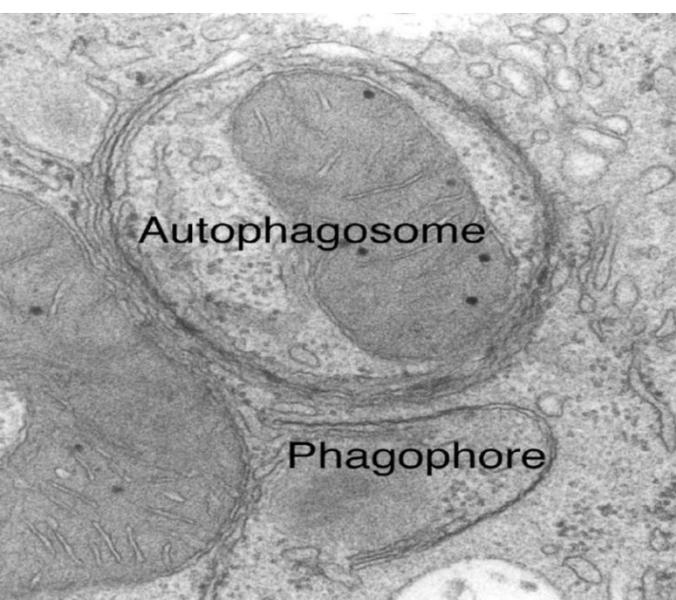
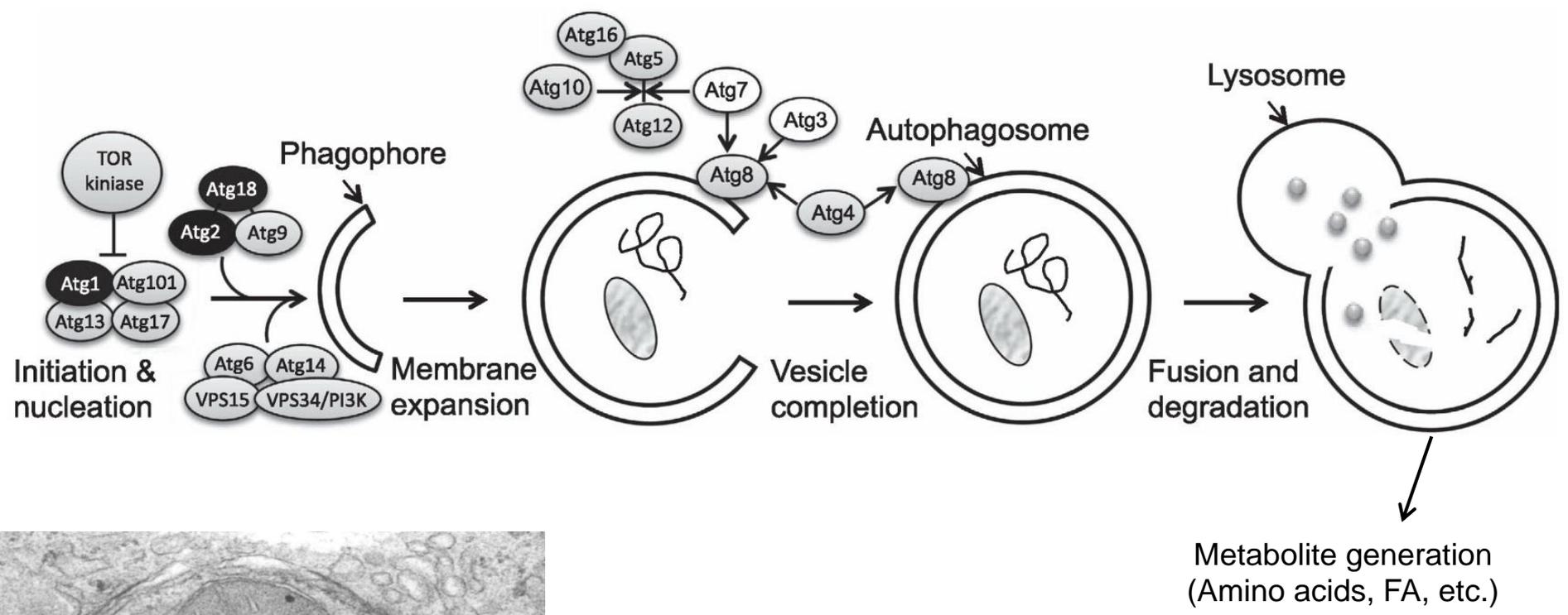
“Self-eating”

From the Greek words, *auto* "self" and *phagein* "to eat"

Catabolic process through which the cell recycles its own constituents.

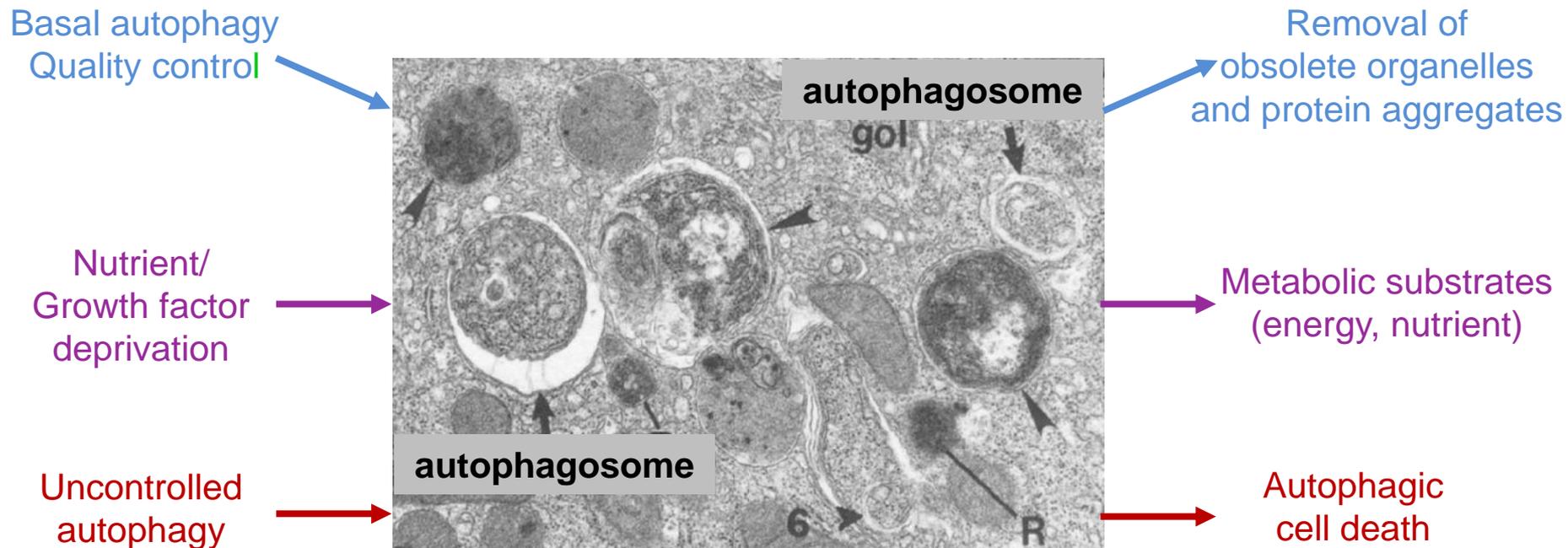
Pathway that lead to the elimination of cytoplasmic components by delivering them into lysosomes.

Introduction: Mechanism of Autophagy

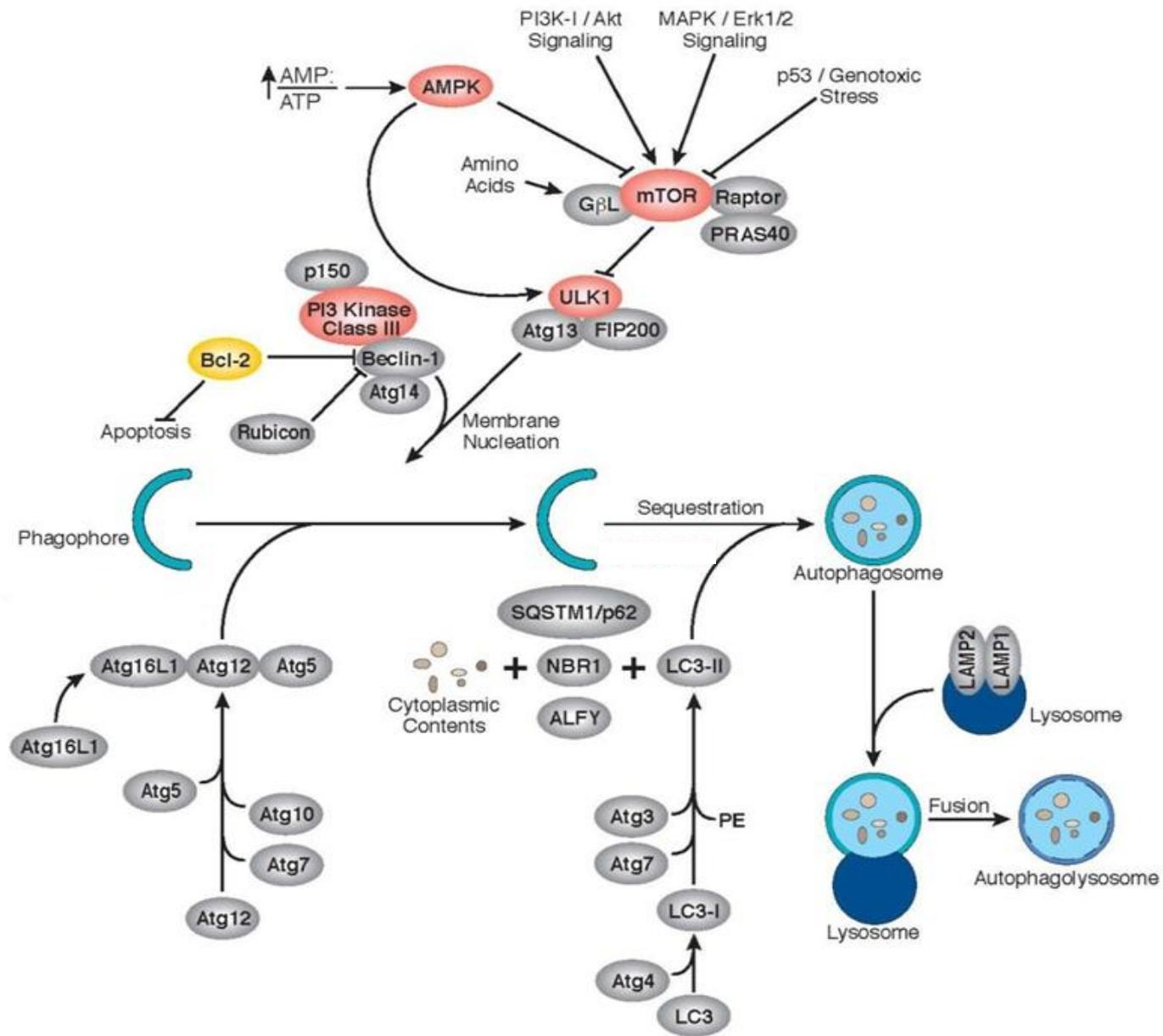


Introduction: Multiple Functions of Autophagy

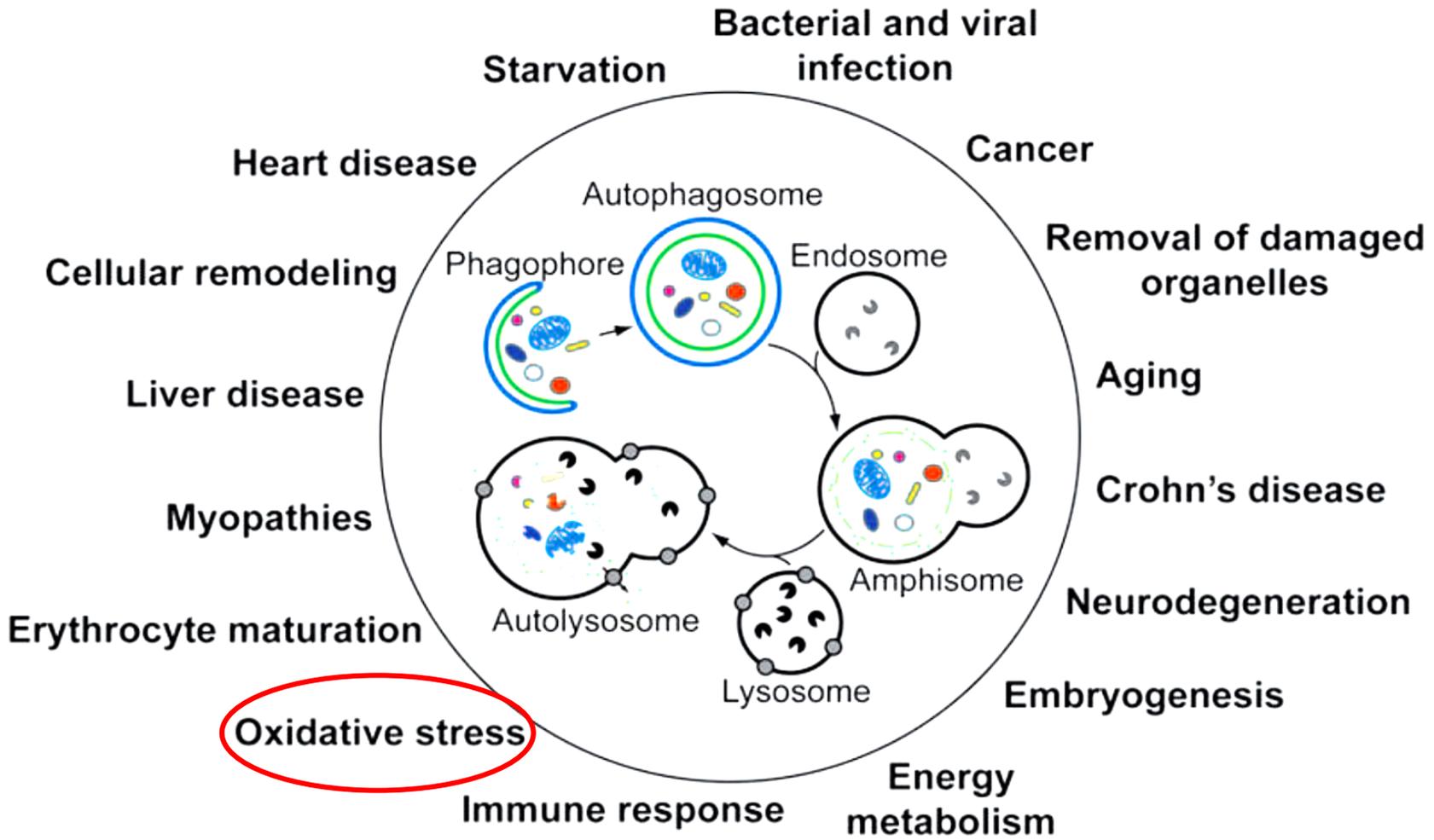
- Occurs in all eukaryotic cells
- Bulk degradative process that ends in lysosomes
- Degradation of intracellular components



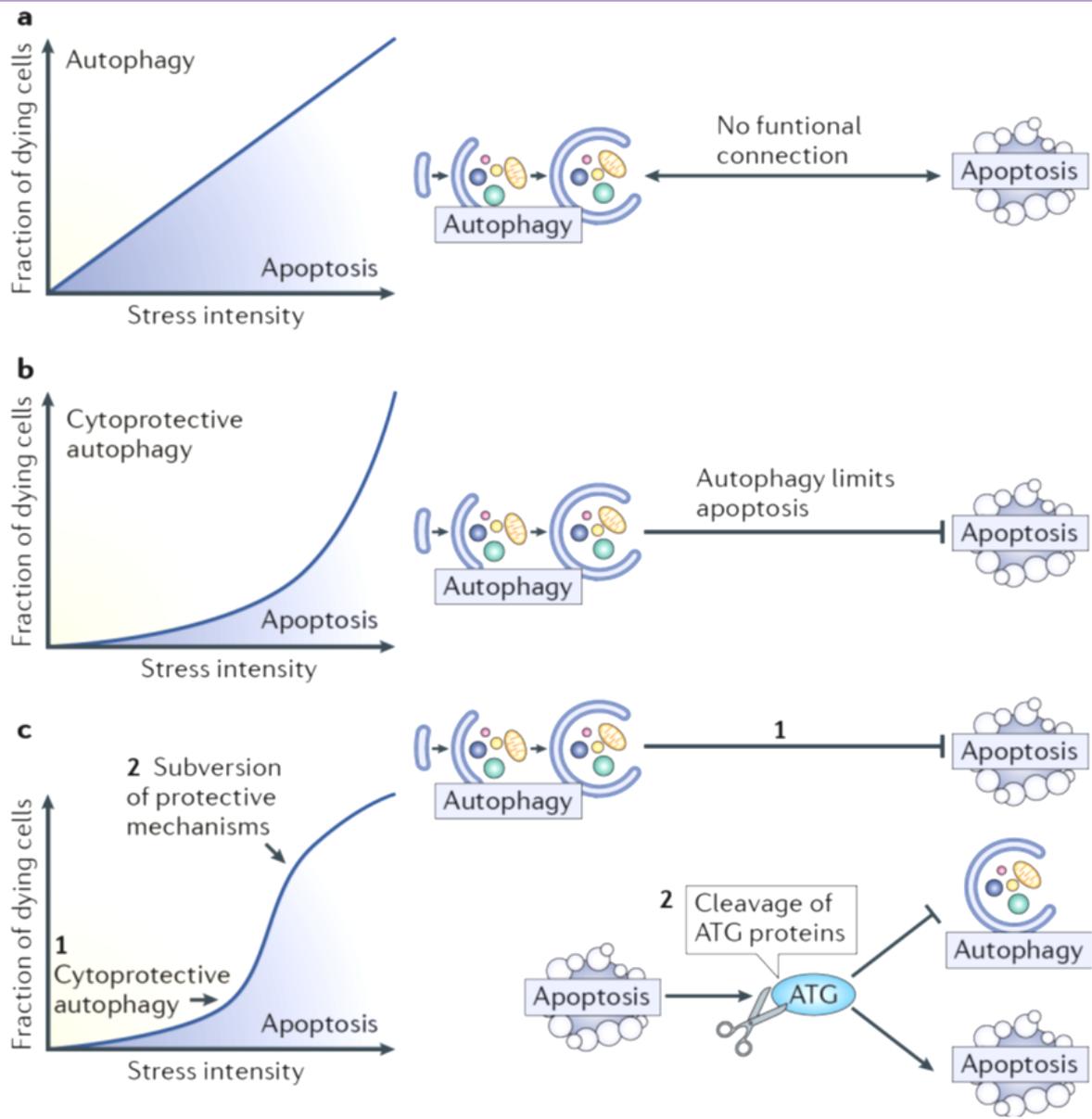
Introduction: Autophagy Signalling Pathway



Introduction: Autophagy and Diseases



Introduction: Autophagy and Cell Death



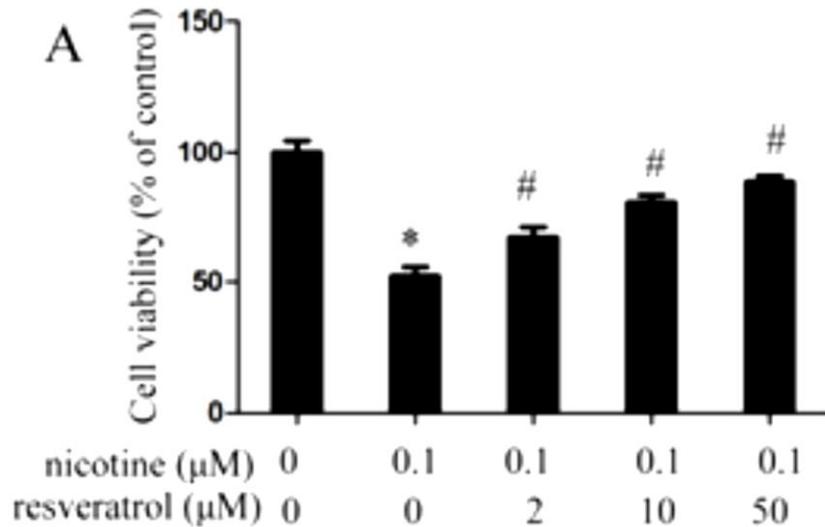
Aim of Study

- Investigate the effect of resveratrol on nicotine-induced oxidative damage in Leydig cells.
- Explore the underlying mechanism.

Methods

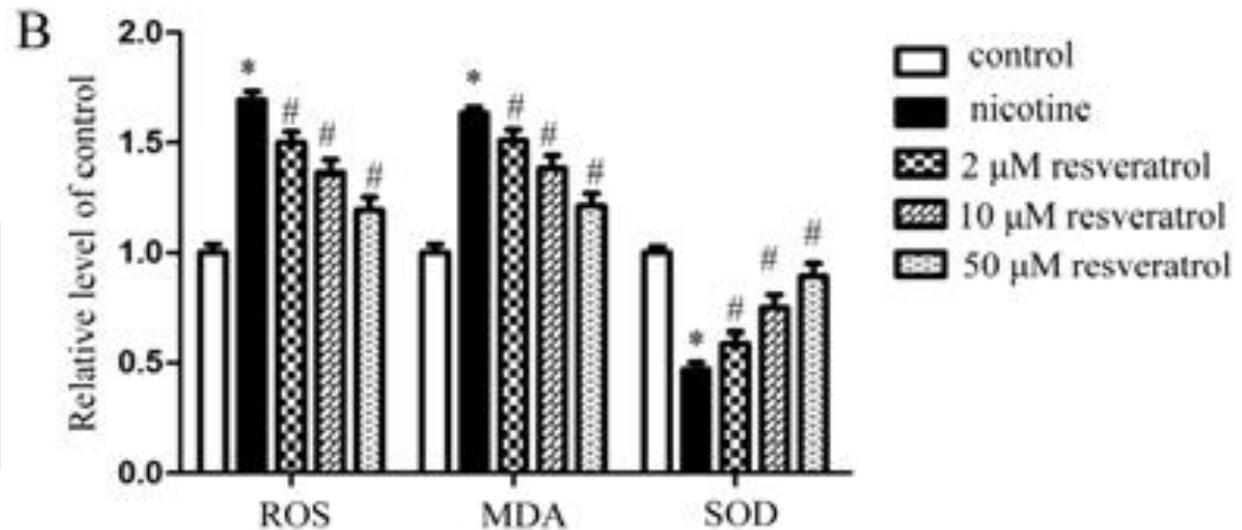
- **Cell culture:** The Leydig cell line TM3 (ATCC, USA) was derived from mouse Leydig cells, and selected as the cell model in this study.
- **MTT cytotoxicity assay**
- **ROS analysis:** General Oxidative Stress Indicator (H2DCFDA) was used to determine intracellular ROS accumulation in TM3 cells.
- **Measurement of MDA content and SOD activity in cell cultures:** by the Lipid Peroxidation MDA Assay Kit and Total Superoxide Dismutase Assay Kit.
- **TUNEL assay**
- **Autophagy detection (MDC and LysoTracker)**
- **Western blot assay**

Results: Resveratrol attenuated oxidative damage induced by nicotine

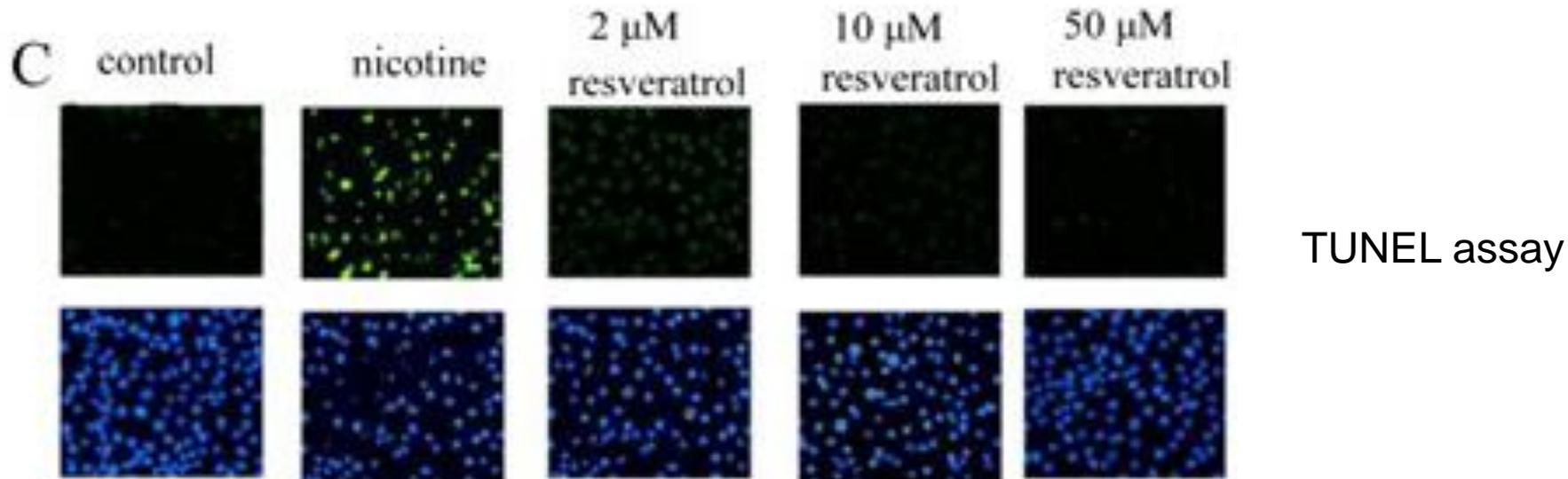


The cytoprotective effect of resveratrol were exerted in a concentration-dependent manner

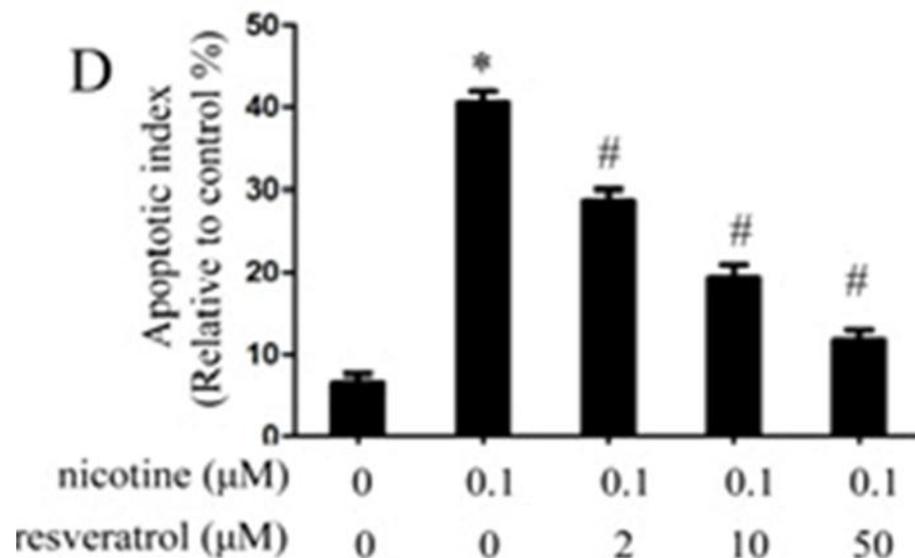
Resveratrol suppressed nicotine-induced intracellular oxidant generation in Leydig cells



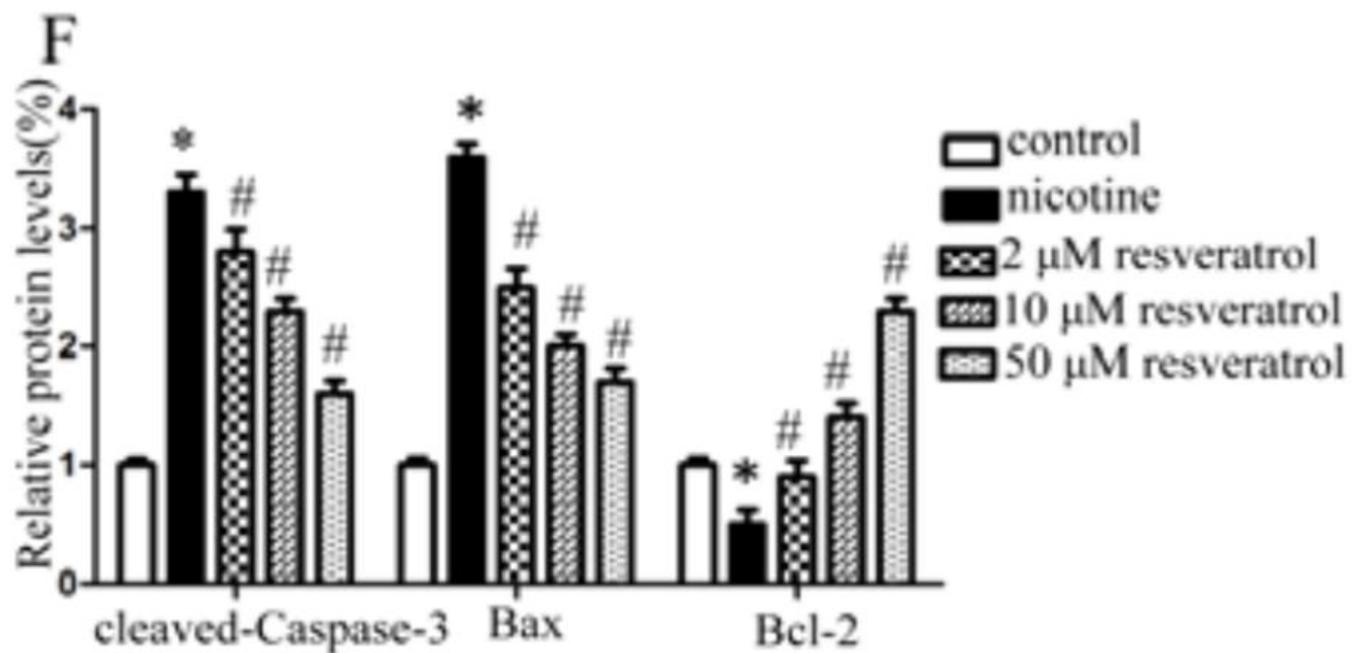
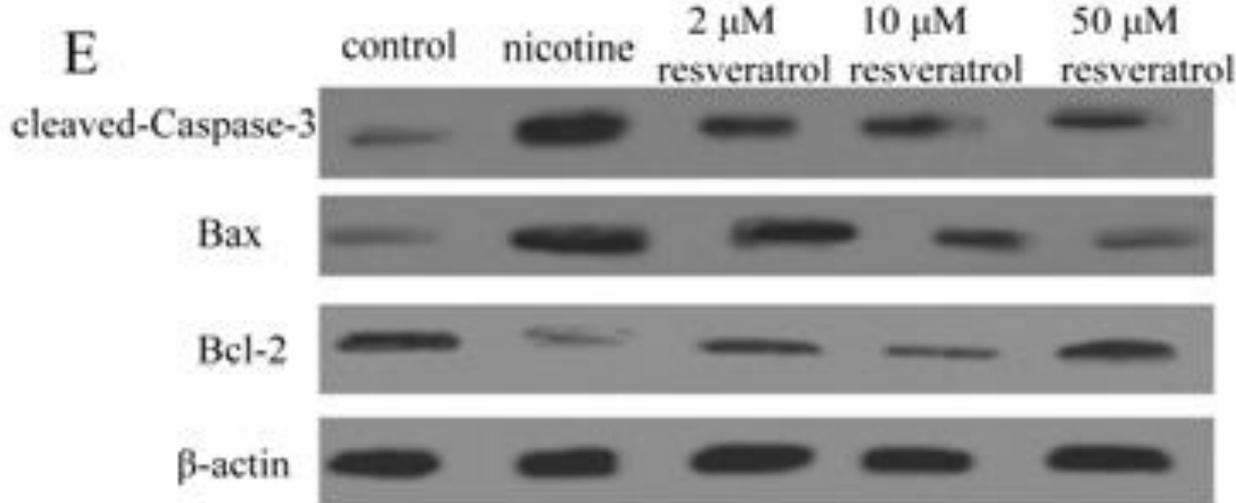
Results: Resveratrol attenuated oxidative damage induced by nicotine



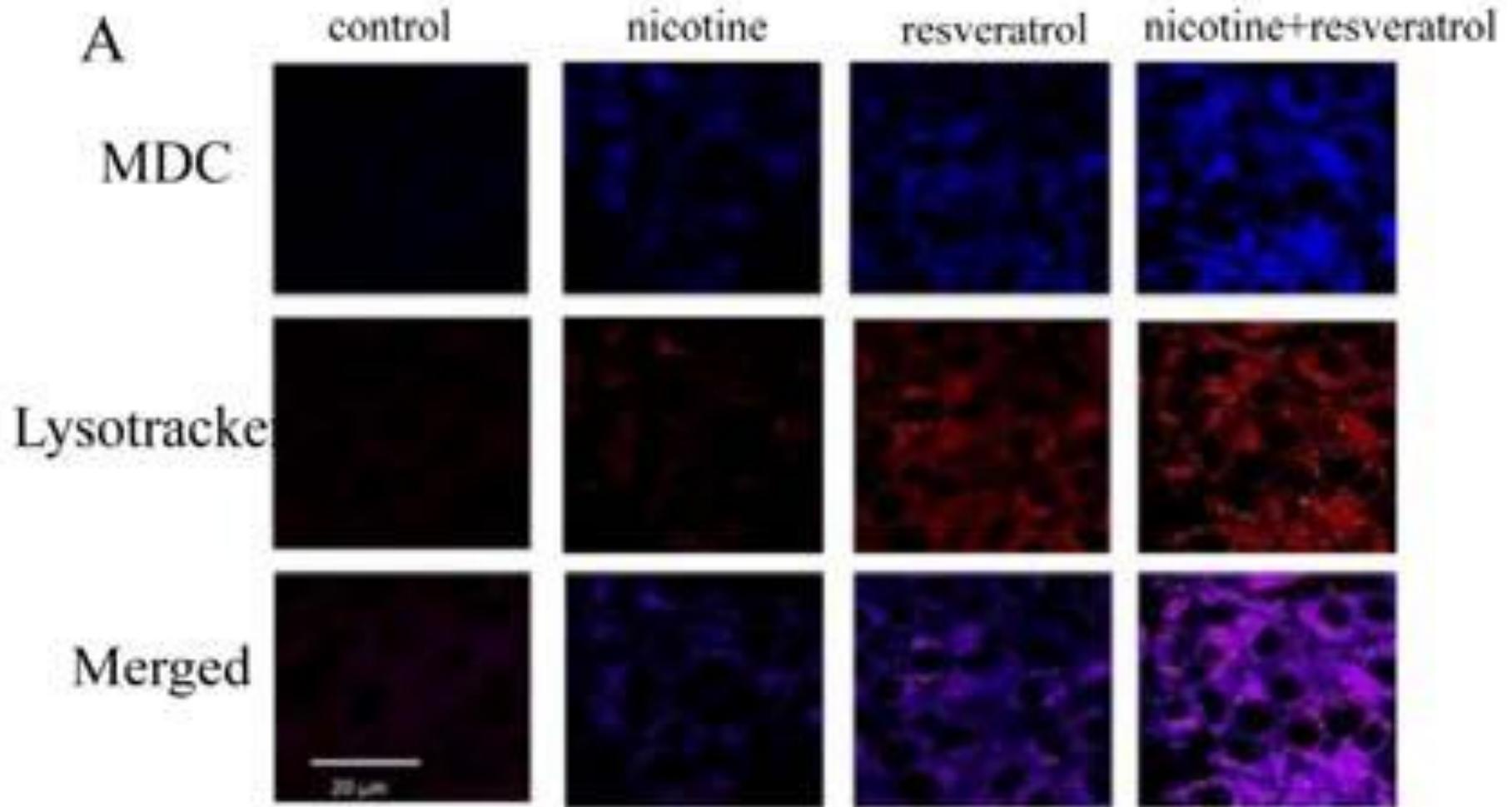
The anti-apoptotic effect of resveratrol were exerted in a concentration-dependent manner



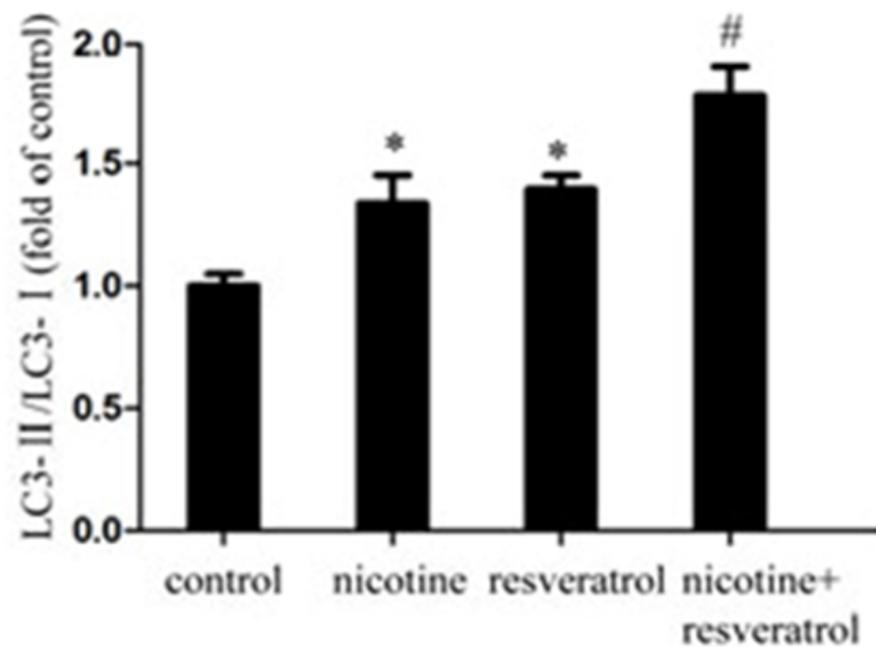
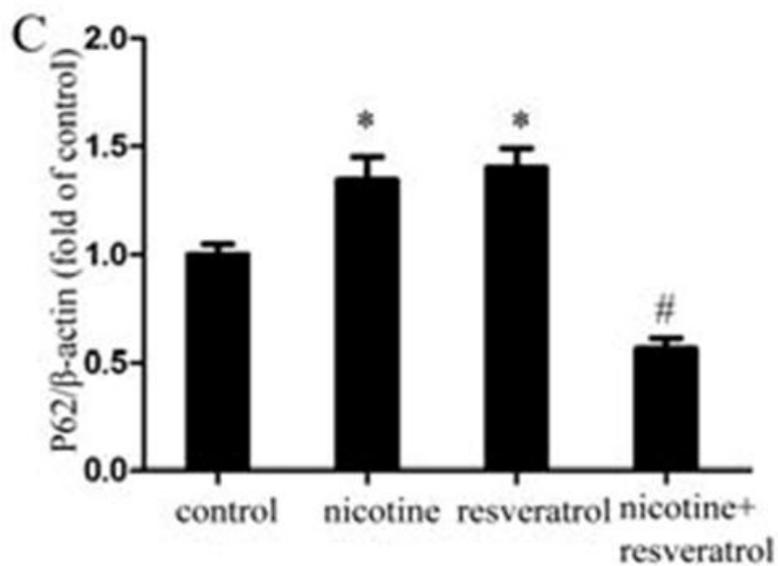
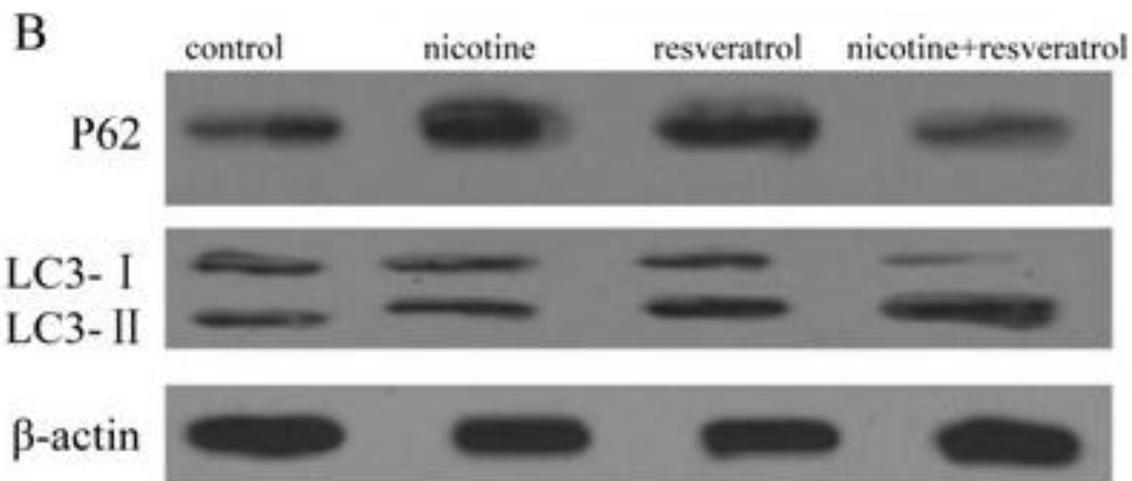
Results: Resveratrol attenuated oxidative damage induced by nicotine



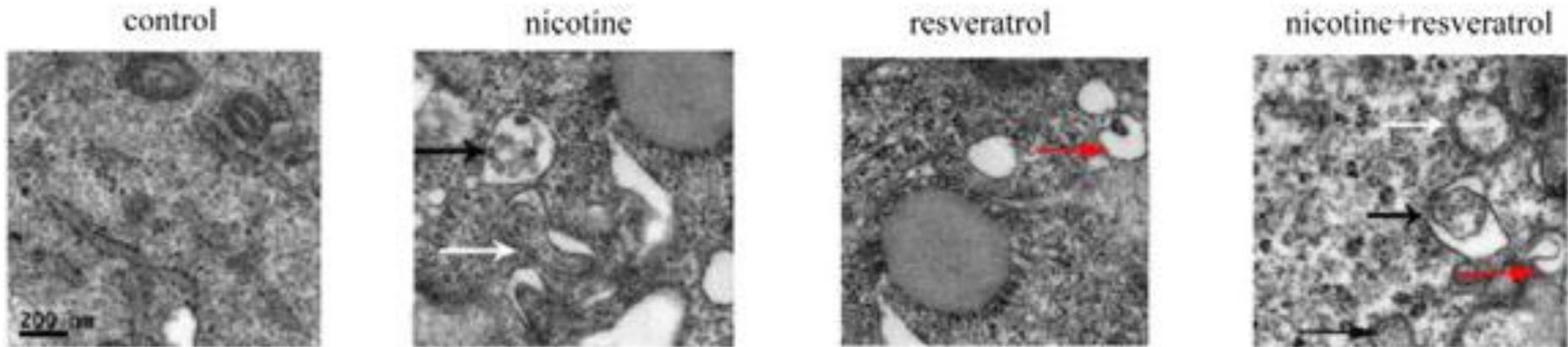
Results: Protective effect of resveratrol accompanied by autophagy upregulation



Results: Protective effect of resveratrol accompanied by autophagy upregulation

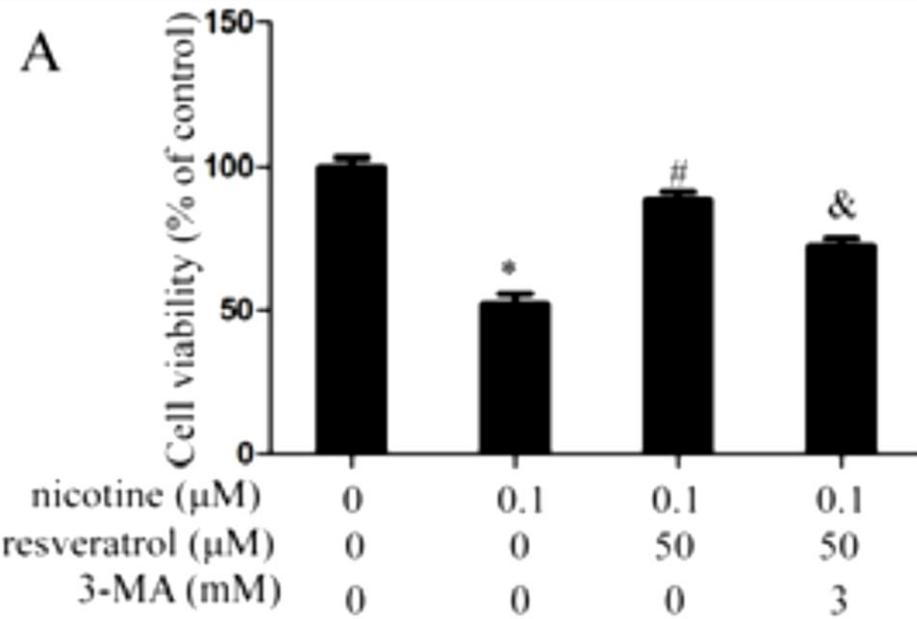


Results: Protective effect of resveratrol accompanied by autophagy upregulation

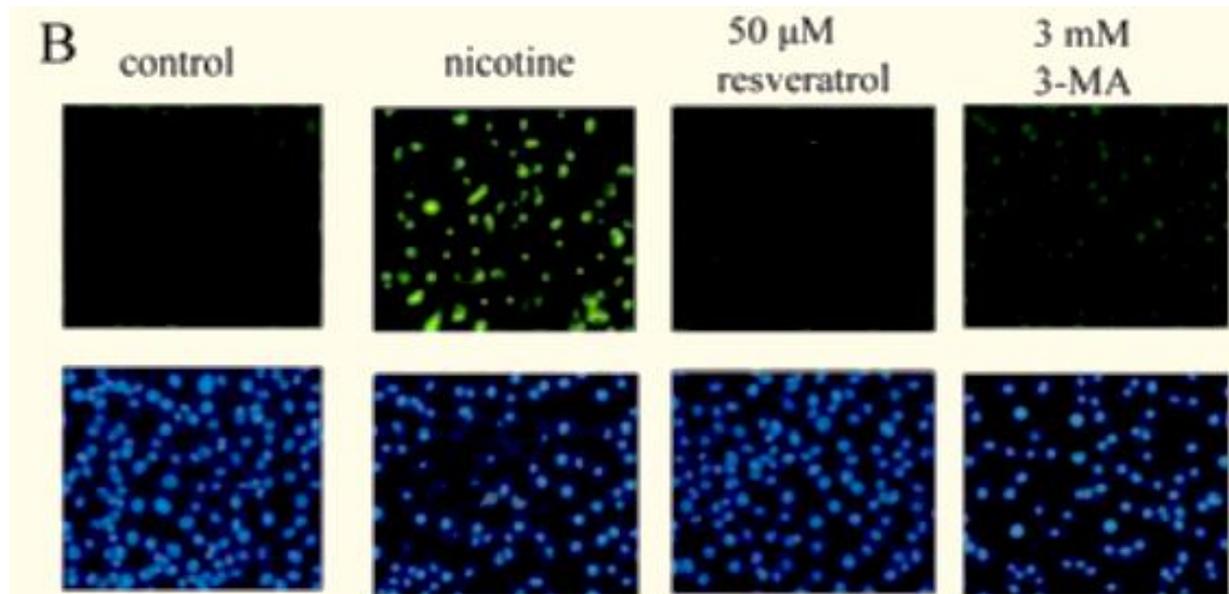


- Resveratrol not only increases autophagosomes formation but also manifests their subsequent fusion with lysosomes so as to degrade the internalized cargo.

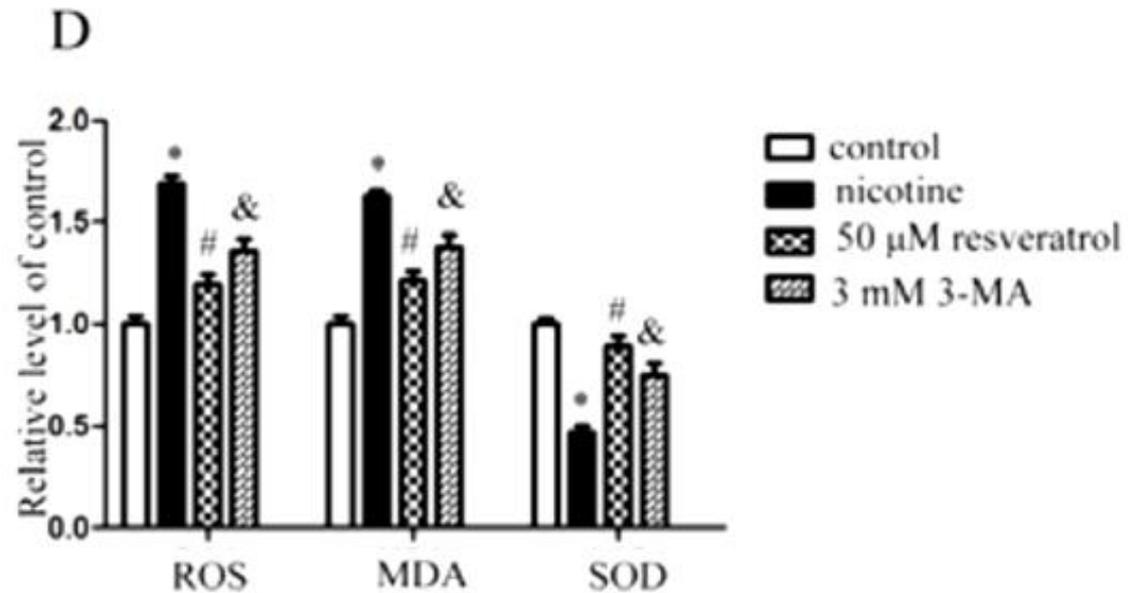
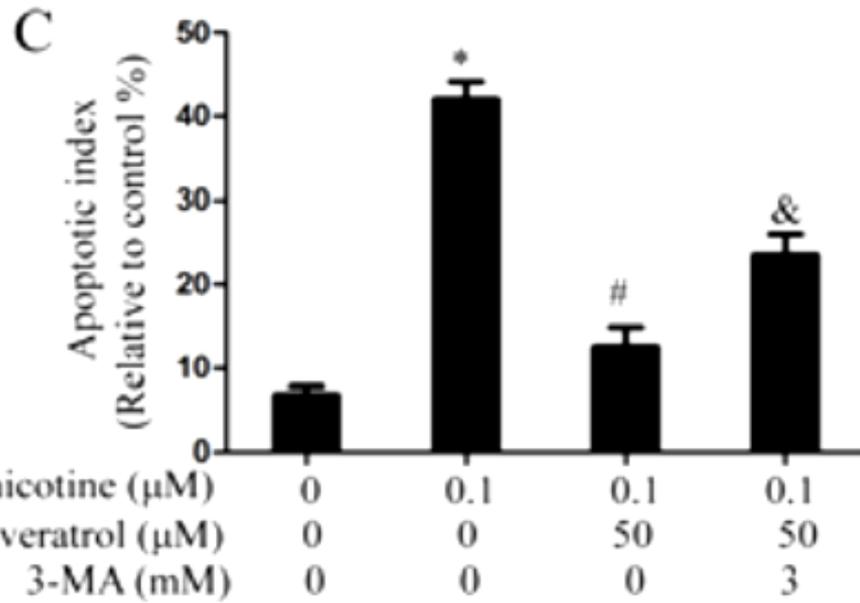
Results: Autophagy inhibitors reduced protective effect of resveratrol



TUNEL assay

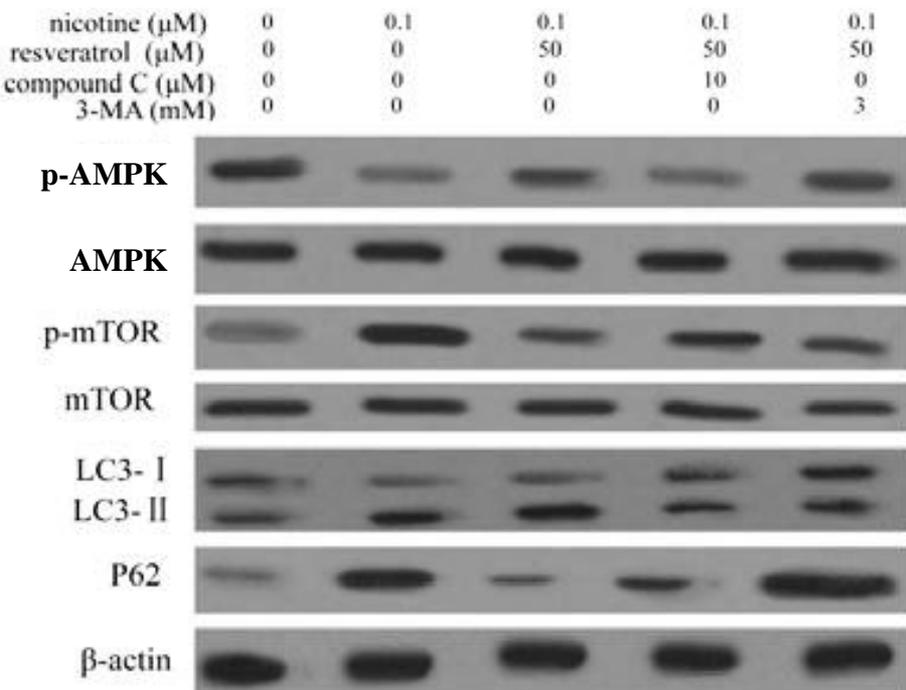


Results: Autophagy inhibitors reduced protective effect of resveratrol

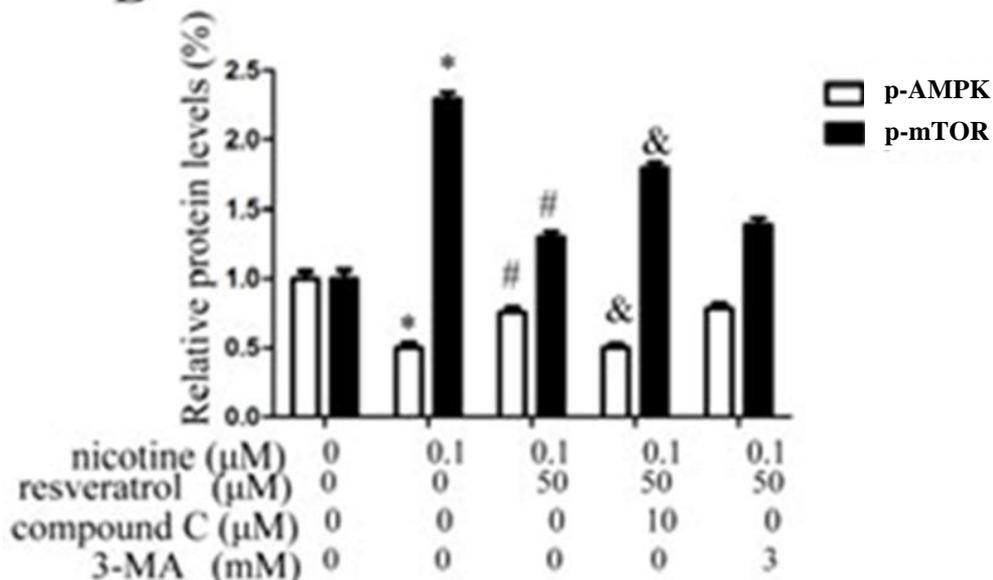


Results: Resveratrol instigates autophagy through AMPK/mTOR pathways

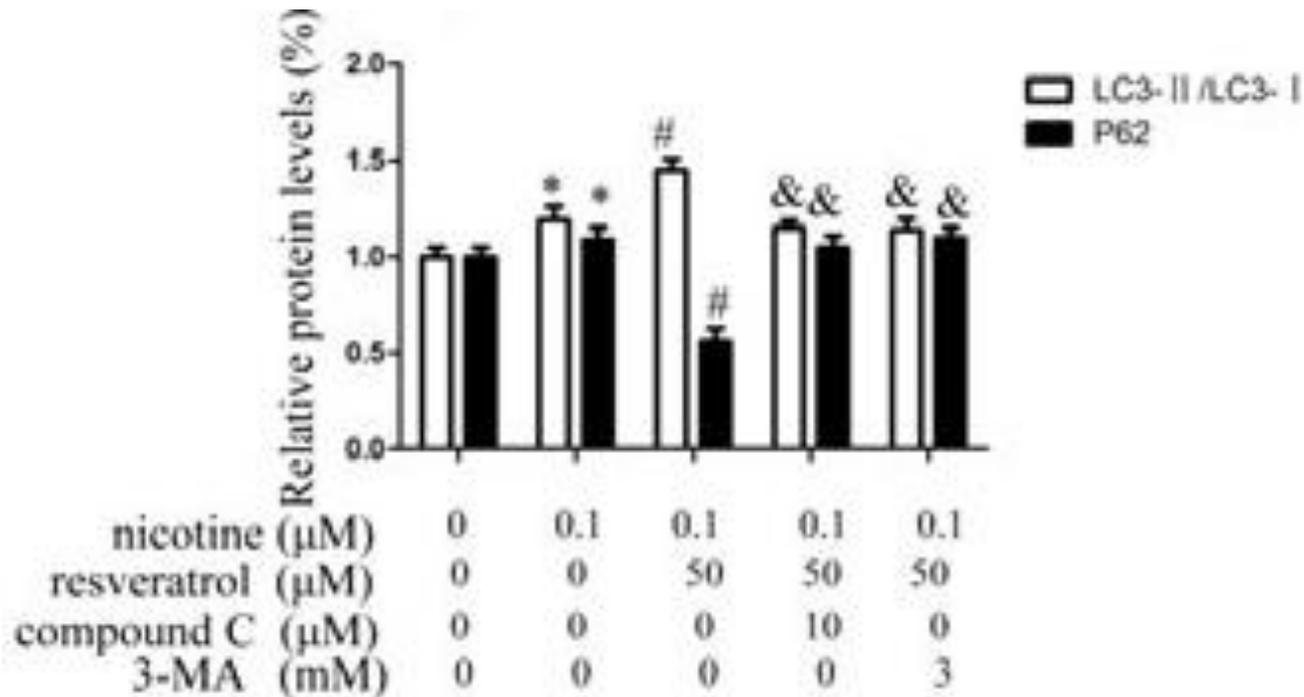
A



B



Results: Resveratrol instigates autophagy through AMPK/mTOR pathways



Resveratrol may exert its autophagic mechanism through AMPK/mTOR pathways

Conclusions

- ✓ Resveratrol attenuates the detrimental effect of nicotine on the viability of Leydig cells and oxidative stress.
- ✓ The protective effects of resveratrol on the Leydig cells are mediated in part by autophagy.
- ✓ Resveratrol-induced autophagy is activated through the AMPK/mTOR pathway.
- ❖ **Taken together, the results of this study provide an evidence that resveratrol is a promising strategy to improve male infertility induced by oxidative stress.**
- ❖ **Resveratrol might be a choice to counteract Leydig cell injuries caused by nicotine exposure.**

Thank you for
attention

